McKean County Miner.

HARRY L. BACKUS, Owner. ROSS K. KNAPP, Editor and Manager TERMS:—2.00 Per Year

VOL. LV SMETHPORT, PA., THURSDAY, JUNE 20, 1918 NO 25

CORRECTED LIST OF DRAFTEES TO GO JUNE 28

Will Report at Smethport Friday of Next Week at 11 a. m., and Entrain for Camp Lee That Evening.

The 97 draftees called as the quota of the second district of McKean county will report at Smethport Friday morning, June 28, at 11 o'clock and Friday evening at 6:19 o'clock, will entrain at the Pennsylvania station and proceed to Camp Lee.

The following men have been granted deferred classification:

David Bloomquist, Mt. Jewett.
Ralph Whitford Niver, Gifford.
Claud Wm. Anderson, Kane R. D. 1.
Clyde August Nelson, Kane.
George Lewyn Stickles, E. Smethport.
Joe C. Henry, Port Allegany.
Albert T. Nelson, Mt. Jewett.

The following have been called in addition to the names announced last week:

Samuel Coleman Wrights
Giuseppe Codirpoti, Clermont.
Floyd Goodard, Warren.
Guy J. Russell, Wrights.
Edward A. Jacobson, Kane.
Waldemar Bergquist, Ludlow.
Evan D. Krasinsky, Kane.

The remaining members of the contingent follow:

Grant Edward Smith, Kane.
Clayton R. Ostrander, Pt. Allegany.
Paris Venanzi, Kushequa.
Elmer O. Youngquist, Kane.
Michael Langianese, Lewis Run.
August Larese, Pt. Allegany.
Rudolph T. Samuelson, Kane.
Albert W. Anderson, Pt Allegany.
Lee Williams, Kane.
William Zentz, Kane.
George Albert Magness, Clermont.
Francis J. Lynch, E. Smethport.
John H. Golden, Mt. Jewett.
Victor Rizzardi, Pt. Allegany.
John Shirey, Hazelhurst.
Edward Rosier, Smethport.
Edward L. Shelander, Marvindale.
Arthur W. Lunden, Hazelhurst.
Alfred G. Bish, Smethport.
Lloyd Mowery, Pt. Allegany.
Philip Ross, Lewis Run.
Arthur Alfsen, Ludlow.
Harry Albert Park, Pt Allegany.
Dominica Capita, Westline.
Frank S. Curran, Kane.
Tony Licastro, Kane.
Geo. Sigfred Anderson, Pt. Allegany.
Edwin Wm. Nelson, Mt. Jewett.
Fred Henry Biever, Smethport.
Edward L. Gustafson, Mt Jewett.
Charles W. McKean, Smethport, R 4.
Bert Dennison, Kinzua.
John Ernest A. Naigeby, Pt. Allegany.
Crescenza Tuosto, Lewis Run.
Chas. August Lewis, Pt. Allegany, R 2
Ned Elmer Rose, Kane, R. D. 2.
Lisle McDowell, Pt. Allegany.
George Thomas Charles, Mt. Jewett.
Frank D. Brice, Norwich.
Roy Edward Kridler, Westline.
Edward William Mowery, Lafayette.
Claude M. Hodgkins, Betula.
Charles Hudson, Hazelhurst.
Gaylord W. Haskins, Norwich.
Walter Scott, Kane.
Frungiono Piluso, Hazelhurst.
Tony Migliazzi, Kane.
Harry Fulkrod, Kane R. D. 1.
Francesco Defazio, Kane.
Norbert Arthur McClellan, Kane.
Giovanni Susi, Lewis Run.
Joe Vecellio, Lewis Run.
Dominick Franca, Smethport.
Henry Anthony Detrick, Kane.
Harry M. McCormick, Norwich.
Henry Ray Valentine, Kane.
Gard L. Young, Smethport.
Charles Tarbox, Port Allegany.
Lemuel Geo. Crandall, Mt. Jewett.
Erhart Wilfred Lunden, Wetmore.
Howard Packer, Burrows
Howard E. Fitzsimmons, Pt. Allegany
Fredolph E. Augustson, Wetmore.
Wright Carlyle Smith, Smethport.
Otto Swanson, Kane.
Arthur Paul Mellander, Kane.
Steve Henry Jerman, Kane R. D. 3.
Jesse C. Royer, Norwch.
David Hjalmer Gustafson, Kane.
Gustave E. Hagman, Clermont.
Frank Schoonover, Pt. Allegany.
Daniel B. Anderson, Ludlow.
Emil Emanuel Westerberg, Kane.
Gesolamo Bonadio, Kane.
Joseph Theodore Silfies, Clermont.
James A. Andorfer, Mt. Jewett.
Henry Hjalmar Heimell, Kane.
Robert G. Simpson, Kane.
Harry J. Christensen, Kane.
Salvator Palmarins, Kane.
Wesley Archibald Allen, Crosby.
Sam Savola, Kane.
Rudolph Bolles, Mt. Jewett.
Earl Emmett Davis, Mt Jewett.
James Alfred Johnson, Port Allegany.
Joseph Murphy, Port Allegany.
David William McKnall, Kane.
Paolo Frazipane, Clermont.
James Joseph Dalton, Kane.
Otto Boedecker, Kane.
William Hugh Abbey, Smethport,

PROCLAMATION.

Smethport, Pa., June 19, 1918.

To the Citizens of the Borough of Smethport:—

Whereas, Woodrow Wilson, President of the United States, has designated Friday, June 28th, 1918, as War Savings Stamp Day and has appealed to all, both young and old, to save constantly and to buy regularly the securities of the Government and to do this as far as possible through membership in War Savings Societis.

I, therefore, name Friday, June 28th as War Savings Stamp Day for the Borough of Smethport, and urgently request every man woman and child in the Borough to continue to practice economy and thrift to organize War Savings societies, and to pledge themselves on or before June 28th to invest in the scurities of the government, particularly war savings stamps, to the full extent of their means.

I further earnestly request all citizens of the Borough to be present at the meeting to be held on the above mentioned date at the School House at 8:00 o'clock p. m.

WARLEY GIFFORD,
Burgess.

MISS MARTHA ECKLES MARRIED.

Standing beneath a bower of mountain laurel with banks of peonies at the home of her mother, Mrs. W. P. Eckles, Miss Martha Eckles Wednesday evening became the bride of Hugh M. Nelson, of Chicago, son of Mr. and Mrs. Albert S. Nelson, of this city. The Rev. G. Herbert Ekins, pastor of the First Congregational church, officiating, using a modified Episcopal service with ring ceremony.

The bride, who made a charming picture, was attired in a gown of heed embroidered white georgette-entraine with veil of tulle-chantilly lace, and carried a shower bouquet of bride's roses and swansonia.

After a short wedding trip the young couple will leave to take up their home in Chicago where Mr. Nelson is a civil engineer connected with the Portland Cement Co. Kane Republican.

COUNTY MEDICAL INSPECTOR HERE.

Dr. George Paton of Bradford, county medical inspector, was in town Tuesday and looked over the scarlet fever patients. The disease is in such a mild form that a question arose whether the disease was really scarlet fever, some of the cases having the appearance of measles and tonsilitis. Dr. Paton, however, pronounced the disease scarlet fever, and several cases not heretofore quarantined were ordered to be placed under scarlet fever restrictions.

AMERICAN RED CROSS.

The Drive for membership for the next year, in the Smethport Chapter A. R. C. will begin Monday, June 24th and last one week. The work will be in charge of Mrs. Scott F. Redfield, Vice chairman of the enrollment Committee. It is especially desirous that all present membership be renewed and as many new members as possible be secured.

Smethport, Pa., May 13, 1918.

Regular meeting of the Executive Commitee of the Smethport Chapter A. R. C. called at office of Secretary at 8:15 o'clock p. m. Members present: Studholme, Shattuck, Kessler, Fry, Malcolm and Morrison. Hungiville and Starsky absent.

The minutes of the last regular meeting were read and there being no corrections or alterations they were approved. The following bills were presented and read.

Dickerson Express) 3 bills .. $13.56
Bell Telephone Co., (March and April toll and rental) 3.22
A. H. Kidder, (fixing locks, doors etc $2.50
Holmes & Gilfillan (frames for banners for parade) ..... .63
Jas McCreery & Co. (1502 yds gauze $192.28
A. R. C. Bureau of Supplies (outing flannel, etc) 203.81
Burg Chadwick (articles for comfort kits) $2.85
Chautauqua Worsted Mills (yarn) 2 invoices) $278.34
Smethport Glass Co., (lo packing cases) $16.00
The Fry Co. (bal. on April acct.)

(Continued on page eight.)

GETTING READY FOR THE ANNUAL COUNTY FAIR

Big Event of the Year and Home Coming Week, September 10, 11, 12 and 13, at Smethport.

It's all going to happen in September "when the pumpkins are all in the barn." The McKean County Fair September 10, 11, 12 and 13, at Smethport this year bids fair to excell all others in interest. People are already taking an unusual interest in the event which has come to be the great home coming week for McKean county. The season gives every indication of being a successful one to agricultural interests; unless some unusual setback occurrs the harvest will be abundant this fall, and all farmers are preparing for the fair. They will be there with their own exhibits of horses, cattle, swine, sheep and poultry as well as the prize products of their fields. Town gadeners will do their bit to swell the display of exhibits. Boys and girls all over the country are laying their plans as to what to take to the big exhibition.

Early In the Morning.

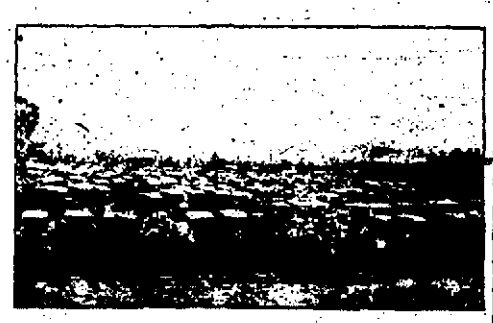
There are wartimes and there will be a wartime strain in the voice of the fair, but it will also be a time of homecoming, when old friends meet and discuss the absent ones and make plans for their welfare.

All premiums this year will be paid in thrift stamps which will help our Uncle Sam.

Amusements will not be lacking this year. The midway will have all its old-time gaiety. The free attractions will be entertaining with some thrills promised. The races will be exciting and the purses liberal. Good music will enliven affairs. It is too early yet to go further into details, but commence to make your plans to spend the second week in September in Smethport.

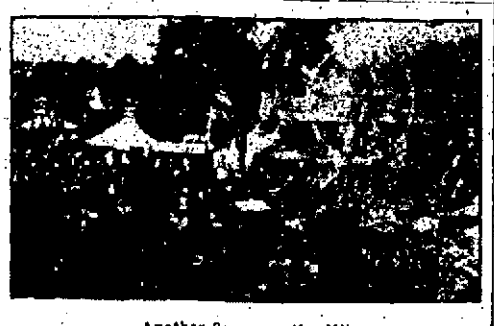
The Premium List is now in the hands of the printers. It will be ready for distribution somtime next month. Secretary Henry J. Rice and a corps of assistants are busy working out preliminary plans.

Ferris Wheel on the Midway.



A Few of the Automobiles.

Typical Scene on the Midway.



Another Scene on the Mitway.

—Attend the dance to be given by the Smethport Allied Band at the Lyceum, Thursday, evening, June 27.

SEED BUCKWHEAT.

carefully Re-cleaned. $5.00 per bundred at Holmes & Gilfillan, 24w2 Smethport, Pa.

CROSSMAN-SEITZ.

The marriage of Miss Margaret Seitz of Punxsutawney and Paul Stevens Crossman of Smethport occurred at Punxsutawney last Saturday. Mr. and Mrs. Crossman came to Smethport Saturday night and left for a honeymoon trip of a few days after which they will be at home in Smethport, at their flat in S. W. Hubbard's residence on West King street. The bride is an attractive and accomplished young lady. Mr. Crossman is McKean County's popular Farm Bureau Agent. This young couple have the best wishes of many friends for a happy and prosperous married life.

CORYVILLE BOY BADLY WOUNDED IN BATTLE

Parents Receive Word that Earl A. Gill, member of Ambulance Corps, Was Severely Wounded May 28.

The Coryville correspondent to the MINER says that word was received Monday evening by Mr. and Mrs. George D. Gill, that their son, Earl A. Gill, a member of Ambulance Co. 11, A. E. F., had been seriously wounded while on duty somewhere in France. The extent or nataure of his injuries ae not known.

Earl A. Gill, who is a most exemplary young man, formerly a school teacher, volunteered his services to his country about one year ago and was assigned to the Ambulance service. He is the first soldier from this vicinity and one of the first from the county to meet with injury while in action against the Hun. That his recovery may be rapid and complete is the devout wish of all.

ENGAGEMENT ANNOUNCED.

On Monday evening, June 17th, Mr. and Mrs. F. D. Gallup, of W. Green St. gave a delightful six o'clock dinner in honor of their daughter, Marion who graduated from Mechanics Institute Rochester, N. Y. on Thursday, June 14th.

The guests of honor were Miss Agnes Vollmer, of Kane, a classmate of Miss Gallup's Mrs. Clyde Nagel of Kane and Miss Margaret Cooper of Westline. The other guests were Mesdames Quirk, Brownell and Doyle and the Misses Irma Wells, Marjorie Gleason, Iva Holder, Marie Purtle and Edna Specht.

The dining room was decorated with dainty sprays of ferns. The patriotic table bouquet was a combination of red and white peonies and blue iris, while the decoration on the place cards was a spray of bridal roses. A wedding bell and little scroll tied with red white and blue ribbon were fastened on the basket favors in the little scroll, which looked like a diploma, was concealed the very pleasing announcement of the coming marriage of Miss Gallup to Lieutenant Gurdeon Potter on Saturday July 6th.

A host of friends in the community wish unlimited happiness for this popular couple.

RINGLING BROS. CIRCUS AT OLEAN.

Word comes that Ringling Brothers' mammoth circus is to exhibit afternoon and night at Olean, Monday July 8.

Always the leaders in introducing the newest and greatest features the famous showmen this season announce the most remarkable program of their career. There is a brand new spectacle of gigantic proportions entitled "In Days of Old." Produced on the biggest stage ever built, it tells the story of the golden age of Ivanhoe, Robin Hood and King Arthur. An entire train load of scenery is carried. The cast numbers 1,200 actors there is an entrancing ballet of 300 dancing girls. A thousand arenic sensations follow the spectacle on the main-tent program. There are great troupes of seals, dogs and monkeys that walk on tight ropes and ride horseback; herds of elephants in all new tricks; international athletes in feats of amazing strength; slides for life from tent-top to the ground by men suspended by the hair, and one —the great Hillary—who "jumps the gap" with skates attached to his head The World's greatest stars, such as May Wirth, who leaps from the ground to galloping steed with baskets tied to her feet, are presented in great number. There are twice as many clowns as before, a menagerie of 1,000 splendid animals and to introduce the holiday, an all new street parade three miles long.

—Horace H. Redfield, county chairman of the War Savings and Thrift Stamps affairs and Henry J. Rice, chairman of the rural districts for the sale of these stamps, are busy this week making arrangements to have every one of the hundred and forty-two school houses in the county open on Friday, June 28, for the big drive for the sale of War Savings and Thrift Stamps.

—Meyer Zafron wants your junk. See his advertisement on page three. adv25tf.

REPUBLICANS "GET TOGETHER."

Friday's meeting of the Republican state committee, at Philadelphia attended by many other leaders, proved the greatest "get together" session in the party's history since the old-time conventions. Harmony prevailed and factionalism was sent to the discard as result of conference that united the state's Republicanism.

In re-organizing the state committee re-elected old officers as follows; State Senator William E. Crow, Fayette county, chairman; W. Harry Baker, Dauphin, secretary; Charles Johnson, Montgomery, treasurer, and William P. Gallagher, Luzerne, director of publicity.

Chairman Crow was authorized to appoint a committee of eleven in addition to the state candidates to prepare a platform to be submitted to the state committee at a meeting to be called by the chairman.

Will H. Hays, of Indiana, national chairman, was present by invitation, and made the principal speech, calling upon the Republicans of Pennsylvania to do thei utmost to help win the war and to keep their organization intact for the coming elections.

State Senator William C. Sproul, gubernatorial candidate; State Senator Beidleman, nominee for lieutenant governor, and James W. Woodward, nominated for secretary of internal affairs, made speeches.

Enthusiasm was aroused when Senator Sproul called J. Denny O'Neil, his opponent, to the platform. Mr. O'Neil shook hands with United States Senator Penrose, who was seated on the platform and then made a speech in which he pledged his support to Senator Sproul and other state candidates. He said he asks all his friends to get behind the state ticket and elect it by a majority of not less than 500,000.

Later Congressman William S. Vare was also called to the platform and shook hands with Senator Penrose, with whom he has been at odds for some time. After the meeting State Senator E. H. Vare, who has been bitterly opposed to the Penrose faction, also shook hands with the senior senator.

National Chairman Hayes in his speech took issue with Democrats who want to drop partisan politics during the war. Party politics is just as necessary during war as is in times of peace, he said. There are three things that the Republican party must help do and they are to win the war and win it now; to bring about peace by victory and not by compromise bargaining, and to institute sane preparations now to solve the immeasurable problems that will come after the war.

Mr. Hayes referring to factional politics, said there are no "yesterdays" in the party; that it made no difference how a man voted in 1912, '14, or '16, but that all Republicans are united now. "We have a big work to do and it will take all of us to do it," he said.

The national chairman made a plea to help elect a Republican congress this fall.

Senator Sproul in his speech said that Pennsylvania must co-operate with the national government to win the war. "Pennsylvania will do her duty," he said. "The President announces that 'politics is adjourned' and here in this great Republican state we acquiesce as far as the war is concerned." Senator Sproul said "But we propose to keep up our organization, devoted to the national aims, and progressive in our own development, prepared to do our utmost."

Senator Penrose said he did not believe in the adjournment of politics during the war. Politics are as necessary as ever and he saw no reason for congress and the courts to abdicate to President Wilson and the Democratic party. He said the personnel of the administration is "inefficient, autocratic and incapable." Senator Penrose concluded by saying that a protective tariff after the war was more important than ever.

Others who spoke included Chairman Crow, Lieutenant Governor McClain, Auditor General Snyder, Mayor Babcock of Pittsburgh; Congressman Vare, Congressman Garland and A. H. Walters, candidate for congressman at-large.

Among th McKean County men who attended the meeting were: Judge J. W. Bouton, County Chairman F. D. Gallup, of Smethport; E. J. Jones, Esq., and Hon. R. P. Habgood of Bradford, A. H. Gaffney and G. Scott Smith of Kane.—Kane Republican.

Thanksgiving Surprises

By Miss Hortense Yates

(Copyright, 1917, by the McClure Newspaper Syndicate.)

"Miss Hortense Yates.

"Raynor College, Raynortown.

"Have at last sold business to great advantage. Have sublet apartment here to Colin Dare, and will spend the winter in travel. Will spend Thanksgiving with you at Raynor. Love from father."

This was the telegram that Mr. Yates wrote a week before Thanksgiving. "I just couldn't boil it down to ten words, mamma," he said to his wife as he read it. "But the time's come when we can be a little lavish, now we've retired."

"Hortense certainly will be surprised—poor girl," answered Mrs. Yates. "She couldn't afford to come home for the short holidays. Something in her letters sounds as if she thought you had been feeling hard times—that's why she didn't spend the money. When she learns what a wonderful disposal you have made of your business, won't she be surprised?"

"She'd be more surprised if she didn't get the telegram."

"You don't mean, papa, that you'd just go out and surprise her? Well, what a wonderful idea!"

"Mr. Henry Yates, 701 West Ninety-ninth street, New York city: Have earned a little money tutoring, and have decided to come home Thanksgiving. Love. Hortense."

Hortense struck her pencil through a word here and there to get her telegram down to ten words, and then paused, with the pencil in mid-air.

"They would be a lot more surprised if I didn't send the telegram," she reflected. "What a wonderful idea!"

As an aid in effecting a perfect surprise, Hortense rejoiced that she had in her possession a latch key for the small city apartment, where her mother and father had made their home since four years before she first flitted off to college. She arrived at three o'clock the afternoon before Thanksgiving, and, suitcase in hand, passed quickly by elevator attendants to her parents' apartment on the second floor. It was not surprising to her that no one was home. Wednesday was her mother's club afternoon, and she sometimes remained out all afternoon, and then met her husband downtown for dinner. Hortense hoped this was to be the case this afternoon, for then she would have more time for perfecting the plans that she had in mind.

Hortense found her little chintz-trimmed bedroom in immaculate attire, and, having quickly slipped on a comfortable house dress, rolled up her sleeves and donned an apron, she hurried out to the kitchen.

Down on her knees before the ice box, she opened the door and sniffed and peered curiously into its interior.

"Poor old mummy," she said to herself, as she beheld a meager broiling chicken, a few apples and onions and a small measure of potatoes. "Times have been hard with dad, and she didn't even have a turkey."

Hortense recalled that her mother had written, some time before, saying that they "expected to have a quiet little dinner together on Thanksgiving," but she thought that her hearty young mother and father had planned to feast off a single squablike broiler brought tears to Hortense's deep blue eyes.

She counted her money carefully, folded her return-trip ticket and a few new dollar bills into a little purse that she put, for safe-keeping and beyond the temptation of green grocer or butcher, in a little pocket beneath the folds of her bodice, and then counted out $5 besides. "That'll get some sort of spread," she said, "if I go to the inexpensive places and make good bargains." She found an empty market basket, and having put her coat and hat on, slipped her arm into the basket and sallied forth.

It was as Hortense supposed. Her mother and father did not return for dinner, and she worked interruptedly on at cranberry sauce and a small pumpkin pie till long after dark. The feast was not to be a large one, but Hortense was a deliberate sort of cook, and so busy was she with culinary preparations that she did not take time to sit down or even to enter the living rooms of the apartment or her father's and mother's bedroom. If she had, she would have seen objects that would have disturbed the serenity of her plans. As she had replaced the broiler with a turkey for the Thanksgiving dinner, she satisfied her own appetite—now well developed, after all her many activities—on half of the broiler, and another tear stole into her eye as she reflected that this small bird had been intended to stay the Thanksgiving ardor of her parents.

When the living-room clock struck ten Hortense concluded that her mother and father had determined to stay downtown to the theater as had been their custom before. "Poor dears," she murmured. "It is probably only a cheap movie show." Worn by her travel and by exertions she determined to go to bed, but first she wrote a little note which, without taking the trouble to turn on the light in her parents' bedroom, she pinned to a pincushion on the bureau there. It said:

"Guess what has happened. If you can't guess then look in the kitchen refrigerator and if that doesn't tell you, peep into the little bedroom and see who's there."

This was the note that Colin Dare, old bachelor friend of the Yates', found on the pincushion when he returned to his room at eleven after an especially trying evening spent with a client in his law offices. The handwriting was unfamiliar to him and there was nothing for him to do but to follow the instructions of the note. He looked at the beautifully filled larder and, still in doubt, peeped into the little bedroom that, for aught he knew, had not been touched since the original tenants of the apartment had left a week before. He softly opened just enough of the door to see Hortense's tumbled curls on the pillow and then withdrew as silently as he had approached, perplexed with what was an extremely difficult question to solve. It was Hortense—those curls could be no one's else—and the chances were that she would be in high dudgeon when she awoke to learn that he had allowed her to remain there all night.

So sure was he that he ought not to allow her to sleep peacefully on that, he tried to imagine his best method of procedure in waking her. But this seemed so much more difficult than the task of simply letting her sleep that he faltered and soon retired to his own room. He intended to stay awake all night so that he might be prepared to relieve her distress when she discovered that her parents were not in the apartment. But toward daylight he fell asleep in his dressing room gown on the lounge in his bedroom and slept so soundly that only the tempting aroma of coffee and browned muffins, wafted from the kitchen window through the court into his own bedroom, waked him.

It was a perfectly shaven, serene-looking, calm-eyed young lawyer who presented himself at the kitchen door a half hour later, and was all but caught in the embrace of the very much agitated Hortense, not from the oven and the muffins.

"Oh, I thought you were father," she gasped, and then leaned back, limp and confused, against the kitchen cupboard.

The only thing to do was to eat breakfast, and after that the only thing to do seemed to be to spend Thanksgiving day together and feast upon the good things that Hortense had prepared. There were meanwhile many explanations and much discussion of what should be done next. Colin Dare, though he recalled Hortense as a very disdainful little girl, whom, four years ago, he was in good way of being in love with if she had permitted it, regarded her now as a sort of Thanksgiving angel, the personification of bounty and good cooking. He had hoped to keep house with a Jap chef, but four within a week had proved either thieves or fools, so he had despaired. The broiler, he explained, was left from the order of the one that had left the previous morning.

"Once, you know, a girl would have thought her reputation had been compromised just because she had accidentally stayed in the same apartment with a man all night," Colin told Hortense. "I am glad you didn't look on it in that light."

Hortense assured him that she was far too up-to-date for such foolishness. "Still," she said, "mother is a little old-fashioned. Of course, I'll take a train back tonight and I'll tell her just what happened. I wonder what a girl would have done when mother was young when she found herself in just this situation."

"She would have felt that she had to accept the man in the question as her husband whether she wanted to or not," pronounced Colin with lawyer-like conclusion. "That is why I'm glad you are a girl of today. If you should ever consent to be my wife I want to know it is because you care for me."

By eight that night Hortense and Colin were on their way to meet Hortense's parents in Raynortown where they had been wired to await Hortense. Somehow in that Thanksgiving afternoon Colin had wooed and won the disdainful little girl he had once almost loved and they felt that the Thanksgiving surprises were not complete till they had both together craved the parental blessing.

Too Much to Endure.

"I saw Reggie yesterday," said one chorus girl to a second row girl when they met on Broadway, "and he's all broken up over your turning him down." "I don't care," came the nasal reply. "He can die if he wants to. I ain't going into no matrimonial venture with an illenation enemy, or whatever you call it. I warned Reggie that I'd put the skids to him because he was afraid to enlist; so to win me over he gives me a mesh bag. And what do you suppose I find printed on the inside of the clasp? German silver. Can you beat it?"

Temperance in Diet.

Abstemiousness in diet is one of the very soundest of the means that are recommended for youth preservation and longevity. Extreme temperance in diet as a means to long life was widely proclaimed some centuries ago by an Italian philosopher who claimed to have lived on one egg and a little wine each day. As meats and wine were then considered the solo sources of strength, the gentleman, doubtless thought it unnecessary to tell us how much bread and vegetables he ate. But despite this evident omission his principle was sound.—Physical Culture.

Woman's Way

By JESSIE ETHEL SHERWIN.

(Copyright, 1917, Western Newspaper Union.)

"I won't be sold as though I were a mere chattel!" cried Velma Walters with flashing eyes and quivering lips.

The old family lawyer raised his eyebrows and shrugged his shoulders mildly.

"My child," he said persuasively, "you will be sensible, I am sure, and graciously accept the gifts the gods award you."

"Not with that shameful condition attached to the will. The audacity of it! I am left co-inheritor of the fortune of my uncle, Gregory Bliss, provided I marry his former secretary, a Mr. Royce Dalziel, whom I never saw, towards whom I am utterly indifferent—who is this fortune-hunting, wife-seeking upstart, anyway?"

"Not fortune-seeking, Miss Walters," corrected the aged barrister gravely, "for he had a violent quarrel with your uncle some months since, and I was surprised to find him mentioned in the will. He is no upstart, either, but a handsome, well-bred young gentleman of culture and integrity."

"I have had my say," declared Velma Walters persistently. "You can give the fortune to charity. I won't touch a cent of it!"

"But charity means a reversion to the very young man you despise, who inherits all unless you become his wife."

"Never!" cried Velma.

It was in vain that the fatherly old lawyer reasoned with her. It was wasted influence of her family in the direction of thus spurning opulence. Velma had no tender attachments. Secretly she was curious to see this ready-made husband they were trying to force upon her, but accept the fortune as a pension for giving up her independence, as she put it. Oh, never; indeed, no!

She confessed to a certain fluttering about the heart and a vast surprise as, a few days later, the maid brought to her room a card bearing the name, "Royce Dalziel."

"Audacious!" she bristled up. "How dare he!" With all her indignation, however, she paid unusual attention to toilette details. She entered the parlor with head held high, severity expressed in her winsome face, resolved to crush utterly this presumptuous intender.

Past the doorway, Velma paused in wonder. A shapely, active young man was working at a loose knob on one of the doors. He was whistling softly to himself. In his hand he had a small screw-driver, and was working industriously. "There, that fixes it," he spoke audibly, "Oh, pardon me, indeed!" he added, swiftly turning as Velma's footfall apprized him of her proximity.

Velma viewed, indeed, a handsome face. Her visitor was courtliness and respect complete, but she hardened her heart.

"You seem to be at home here," she observed, with lofty scornfulness of the familiarity of this obtrusive visitor, for he smiled in a pleased, friendly way.

"Door knob?" he questioned. "I can't help pottering helpfully whenever I see a chance. Anyway, I ought to have been a carpenter—I'm a walking tool-box. Home? Anybody couldn't help feeling attached to this beautiful place. Besides, if things had gone as the law is trying to make it, you and I might be living here together some day. Don't you see?"

She was petrified. The boldness of this language was simply outrageous. He never flinched at her look of blighting condemnation.

"Don't be cross with me," he pleaded. "I have seen you so often that I feel almost a real acquaintance."

"You have seen me!"

"Often, as I say, at a distance. When your uncle, a year ago, pronounced his ultimatum that his wish was that you and I should marry—pardon my bluntness, we shall get more quickly to an understanding—I had a desire to see you; and I did. Since then I have wished to see you often. I told Mr. Bliss that such loveliness, position and happiness were not for me."

Her face was like a bronzen mask. She tried to abash him.

"This is simply detestable!" she said icily.

"I knew it would be, to you," answered Dalziel, "but straightforward matter of fact must be faced. My mission is soon ended. I have come to relinquish all claim to the estate."

"You mean—" she could not credit his words. He spoke so indifferently.

"I mean that I am not entitled to any part of it. Furthermore, I do not believe that Mr. Bliss finally wished me to benefit by it, for we had quarreled, and he must surely have meditated a change in his will."

He swept out one hand as if renouncing utterly his claim. Accidentally his fingers swept the keys of the piano.

"Ah!" he said, "out of order. I am a tuner, and will be glad to restore the harmony."

"Thank you, we will employ a professional when we think it necessary," remarked Miss Walters pointedly.

"Well, good-by," said Dalziel, quite off-handedly. "Consider me out of the question, and your life," and left the room with a courteous bow.

Velma Walters stood rooted in a maze of uncertainty, her mind in a whirl. The young man had acquitted himself creditably, for all her haughtiness. Very plainly he had expressed his own unworthiness of her lofty consideration, and had plainly indicated that she was an object of the profoundest interest to him. She found it difficult to analyze the emotions this strange man had stirred up within her.

"If this disagreeable whim of Uncle Gregory had never come up," she said to her sister one day, "it might have been different," and the observant Edna guessed the truth, for Velma had become restless and dissatisfied of late.

Royce Dalziel made his preparations to strike out for new fields of labor. The old lawyer refused to believe that he was determined upon nonacceptance of the legacy. Velma was quite captious. Even when the lawyer informed her that the fortune would go to charity if the marriage-compact was not performed, she rebelled with the greatest indifference.

Dalziel made a last visit to the old Bliss home to get some belongings he had left there. It was while looking through a cabinet that he made a stunning discovery.

The next day Velma Walters, returned from a call on a friend, entered the house and then the parlor, to view with a quick, eager flutter, Royce Dalziel and her sister at the piano. The former was just setting in place the movable front of the instrument.

"Oh, sister!" cried Edna. "Mr. Dalziel has been waiting for you. And think, how kind he is to have tuned the piano!"

"I have great, grand news for you, Miss Walters," spoke Dalziel, advancing towards her with the bright, ingenious, usual smile on his open, handsome face. "This is yours," and he extended a folded document. "It is the last will—the real will of your uncle—which I discovered in his house yesterday. It gives you his entire fortune, unrestrictedly. So you can feel relieved from the nonsensical features of the former will."

Velma sank to a chair, pale to the lips. She stared blankly at the document in her hand. What manner of man was this buoyant, haphazard young man, who threw away a fortune as if it were mere dross?

"You can mend pianos," Edna whispered to Dalziel, "Could you mend a breaking heart?"

"Who has one to mend?" questioned Dalziel.

"Ask Velma!"

"You don't mean—"

"That she is pining for you, and too proud to show it? Yes," declared the young lady.

"Miss Walters," spoke Dalziel, approaching Velma, "I had to intrude. As I found that will, I will say a final good-by. There is more I would wish to say, were I not now poorer than ever."

"Then I will remove the barrier," said Velma, a new, tender expression in her beautiful face, and she walked to the fireplace, cast the newly discovered will into its blazing grate, and looked towards him, expectant.

IN HIGH LIFE

"Met your wife lately?"

"No; but I see by the society papers that she will be at home twice this month."

Butter Cakes

Mix together one cupful and a quarter each of whole wheat and white flour and add half a teaspoonful of salt and four level teaspoonfuls of baking powder. Then rub in with the finger tips two teaspoonfuls of butter and wet to a soft dough with one cupful of sweet milk. Form into small flat biscuits, handling as little as possible, and bake in a slightly greased spider. Turn and brown on both sides and have the heat moderate.

Concentration Wins.

In a battle, as in a siege, the art consists in concentrating very heavy fire in a particular point. The line of battle once established, he who has the ability to concentrate an unlooked-for mass of artillery suddenly and unexpectedly on one of these points is sure to carry the day.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

ATTORNEYS.

SHERIDAN GORTON.
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW. All legal business given prompt attention Smethport, Pa.

F. D. GALLUP.
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW. All legal business promptly and carefully attended to. Office over Hamlin's bank Smethport, Pa.

E. R. MAYO & SONS.
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW. Office over Grange bank, Smethport, Pa. Office connected with long distance telephone. E. R. Mayo, Notary Public.

THOMAS H. MORRISON.
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Smethport, Pa. All legal business given prompt and careful attention.

PHYSICIANS.

H. L. McCOY.
PHYSICIAN & SURGEON. Office in I. O. O. F. block, Main street, Smethport, Pa.

JOHN CLARK, M. D., C. M.
Office and residence in Clark block, Smethport, Pa. Office hours: 8 to 10 a. m., and 1 to 3 p. m.

DENTISTS

DR. C. R. LONG.
Dentist.
Anderson & Carlson Block.
Office Hours: 9 to 12; 1 to 5.

INSURANCE

FIRE,
LIFE,
ACCIDENT,
In Good Reliable Companies.

W. F. SPECHT
SMETHPORT, PA.

Chas. Lemmler's
THE RELIABLE STORE
Now for many years read to supply harnesses, white blankets and robes—all sort of horse furnishing goods.
Trunks, suit cases, traveling bags—standard leather goods
SMETHPORT, PA.

Clementine Gaskin
DU FOUR SYSTEM
Try one of my Dry Shampoos at 25c
Regular Shampoos with Tonic applied 3 for $1.25.
All combings made up at 50c per o
Du Four Toilet Articles on Sale
105 E. King Street, Smethport, P
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Denning's Market
ALWAYS THE BEST MEATS, POULTRY, FISH, OYSTERS, CHOICE GROCERIES.
OLEO 30c TO 37c POUND.
G. H. DENNING
Smethport, Pa.

Just Fun!
Raising chicks in a Standard Colony Brooder is fun—it's so interesting to see the little fluffy things grow. And when they get big enough to care for themselves, how proud and rich you are! The
STANDARD COLONY BROODER
PATENTED
is the greatest, most practical coal-burning brooder ever made, regardless of price. Raises a hundred chicks or a thousand, and the cost is less than 4 cents a day. We guarantee the "Standard" to do all that any other brooder will do, and do it better—and you may write the guarantee! Put down in black and white just what you think a brooder should do and we'll back the "Standard" to do it. Can you ask more than that?
Ask us for a "Book of Proof"—free. Remember—$16 buys the Standard Colony Brooder. Come in and see it.
E. W. STRONG.

LODGE DIRECTORY.

F. & A. M.—McKean Lodge, No. 288, meets on the second Wednesday of each month, at 8:15 p. m. at Masonic hall Main street.
AL. J. HYATT, W. M.
W. F. SPECHT, Sec'y.

I. O. O. F.—Smethport Lodge, No. 389, meets Friday evenings at 8:00 o'clock in I. O. O. F. hall. Will work initiatory degree first meeting of each month; 1st degree on second; 2nd degree on third, and 3rd degree on fourth meetings.
J. A. JOHNSON, N. G.
W. G. HOLDER, Secretary.

I. O. O. F.—Smethport Encampment, No. 273, meets the first and third Wednesdays of each month in I. O. O. F. hall. J. A. JOHNSON, C. P.
J. A. SWANSON, S.

IDEAL REBEKAH LODGE, No. 88, meets the 1st and 3rd Monday evenings of each month, at 8 o'clock, in the I. O. O. F. hall.
LIZZIE DIGEL, N. G.
RACHEL P. AMSTER, Sec'y.

P. H. C.—Smethport Branch, No. 25, meets on every Tuesday evening in I. O. O. F. hall.
KATE BENDER, Pres.
ANNA O. STARK, Sec'y.

P. of H.—Meets 1st and 3rd Saturdays of each month at 8:00 p. m., in I. O. O. F. hall HENRY J. RICE, M.
ANNA O. STARK, Sec'y.

PHOENIX CHAPTER, NO. 16, O. E. S.—Meets 1st and 3rd Thursday evenings in each month in I. O. O. F. hall.
MRS. GERTRUDE GARLICK, W. M.
W. B. HOPPER, W. P.
MISS RITA DENNING, Secy.

CHURCHES.

Methodist Episcopal Church—J. S. Fleming, pastor. Preaching 10:30 a. m.; Sunday school, 11:45 a. m.; Epworth League, 6:45 p. m. Evening service, 7:30. Mid-week prayer and praise service, Wednesday, 8 p. m.

Episcopal — Rev. W. E. VanDyke, rector. Services every Sunday at 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Additional services at 8 a. m., except on first Sunday of each month. Sunday school at 12:00 m.

All Saints' Memorial Chapel—East Smethport, Rev. W. E. VanDyke, rector. Divine service and Sunday school every Sunday at 2:30 p. m.

Baptist Church of Smethport—Rev. W. P. Wheeler, Pastor. Services: 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Sunday School at 11:45.

St. Elizabeth's Roman Catholic Church—P. J. Donahue, pastor. Services at 10:30 a. m.

Swedish Mission Church—Rev. G. Philblad, pastor. Services every other Sunday at 10:45 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. On alternate Sundays meeting in the evening only. Sunday school every Sunday at 9:30 a. m. Prayer meeting Thursday night at 8 o'clock.

OFFICIAL DIRECTORY.

STATE.
Governor—Martin G. Brumbaugh.
State Treasurer—Robert K. Young.
Auditor General—A. W. Powell.
Secy. Internal Affairs—Henry Houck.

DISTRICT and COUNTY.
President Judge—Joseph W. Bouton, Smethport.
Member of Congress—Charles H. Rowland, Phillipsburg.
State Senator—Frank E. Baldwin, Austin, Pa.
Members of Assembly—John A. Fitzgibbon, Bradford, Pa.; Frank P. Isherwood, Bradford, Pa.
State Highway Supt.—C. L. Lorah.

COUNTY.
Sheriff—E. W. Jones, Smethport.
Deputy Sheriffs—C. C. Choate, Smethport; J. H. Howe, Bradford.
Prothonotary—B. F. Starsky, Smethport.
Clerk of Courts—Frank R. Foster, Smethport.
County Treasurer — Frank Potter, Kane.
Recorder of Deeds—H. M. Choate.
Commissioners—A. M. Marsh, Bradford; O. S. Gahagan, Mt. Jewett; T. E. Flaherty, Bradford.
Commissioners' Clerk—A. R. Anderson, Clermont.
Register of Wills and Clerk of Orphans' Court—John B. Eastman, Smethport.
Coroner—E. R. Sherman, Bradford.
Jury Commissioners—Wm. H. Morrison, Smethport; W. G. Holder, Smethport.
Jury Commissioners' Clerk — H. D. Otto, Smethport, R. F. D.
Auditors—R. A. Greer, Bradford; J. A. Abbott, Bradford; Frank Burdick, Smethport.
County School Superintendent—C. W. Lillibridge, Smethport.
Asst. County School Superintendent—B. S. Taylor, Bradford.
District Attorney—Thos. B. Wilson, Bradford.
Mercantile Appraiser—F. E. Goodman, Mt. Jewett.
Sealer of Weights and Measures—R. P. Yerdon, Smethport.
County Solicitor—C. W. Shattuck, Smethport.
County Detective—Joseph F. Robinson, Bradford.
County Viewers—Harvey G. Berkhouse, Kane; C. M. Colegrove, Smethport; Dennie Davis, Kane; Griffin Hatfield, Bradford; Edward Martin, Marvindale; Thos. H. Morrison, Smethport; F. M. Webster Bradford; F. M. Wright, Eldred.
Farm Bureau Supt.—P. S. Crossman.
Supt. County Home—C. O. Taylor.
Probation Officers—Grace E. Cole, J. A. Lindsey.

Borough.
Burgess—Warley Gifford.
Council—C. M. Colegrove, pres.; F. H. Biever, secy.; Claude Hackett, B. T. Garlick, W. B. Hopper, J. A. Lindholm, W. H. Hungerford, J. S. Hull.
Justices—R. C. Gleason, A. W. Colegrove.
School Directors—E. A. Studholme, pres.; G. W. Mitchell, v. pres.; T. H. Morrison, sec'y.; W. F. Specht, treas.; T. F. Hungiville.
Board of Health—Dr. John Clark, sec'y.
Constable—C. B. Dickinson.
Collector—R. C. Gleason.
Assessor—Wade Burdick.
Auditors—Fred Masser, E. W. Strong, F. H. Biever.
Judge of Election—Frank Cummings.
Inspectors of Election—George Barbour, Herman Tull.
Borough Solicitor—E. L. Keenan.

A Second Appeal

TWO weeks ago the Telephone Company requested all telephone users to please refrain from asking the operators for the *correct time*, explaining that this request was necessary because of the considerable volume of such calls which, if eliminated, would so reduce the abnormal calling volumes as to permit of a redistribution of both operators' service and telephone equipment, and result in the Company's ability to care for the very heavy telephone demands of the present and the even greater demands for service which are expected in the months to come.

It was explained that the same service on the part of the operators, the same length of time, and an equal general use of telephone equipment are necessary to answer such questions as are required to complete an ordinary connection.

While the response to this request has been very gratifying and the volume of such calls has decreased appreciably, the burden has not been entirely lifted.

We, therefore, again bring the matter to the attention of those users of the service who did not read, or who were not impressed by our earlier appeal, urging them to discontinue the practice of depending upon the telephone operator for the *correct time*.

The Telephone Company feels that it can count on a continuation of the public's helpful attitude which will be of very real assistance in meeting the ever-increasing volumes of telephone calls and demands for telephone service.

THE BELL TELEPHONE CO. OF PA.
C. T. McKEE, Local Manager.
BRADFORD, PA.

Franklin Said:

"'Tis a Wise Man who plans for Winter blows while he enjoys Summer breezes."

SHREWD Men look ahead. They use our Bank Account plan for accumulating for the future. A cordial invitation is extended to you to come in and open an account at this Bank. The services and facilities afforded you make this invitation worthy of your very careful consideration.

THE GRANGE NATIONAL BANK,
Smethport, Pa.

McKean County Miner

Smethport, Pa., June 20, 1918.

MICKIE SAYS

EMPTYIN' THE WASTEBASKET WOULDN'T HAVE TO BE DID NEAR SO OFFEN IF SOME OF THEM BOOBS THAT'S TRYIN' TO GYP THE BOSS OUTEN A LOT OF FREE ADVERTISIN' WOULD JEST CUT OUT SENDIN' HIM SO MUCH JUNK THRO' THE MAIL

—The Fry Company advertise sixteen coat bargains to-day.

—See the Hamlin Bank & Trust Co., new advertisement this week.

—A meeting regarding the Thrift Stamp campaign was held in Bradford Friday. County Chairman H. H. Redfield and Guy McCoy of Smethport were present.

—High Grade Lumber, is the title of Holmes & Gillilan's interesting advertisement this week.

—The front of the J. C. Hamlin building on Main street has been repainted, Julius Hornlein doing a neat job.

—The foundation is under way and material is on the ground for Chas. Provin's new dwelling house on East Main street.

—A large delegation of Smethport people attended the Star Hose company's dance at Port Allegany, Friday evening. The affair was for the benefit of the Red Cross.

—Francis O'Neil of Bradford was arrested in Rochester Sunday afternoon in the act of burglarizing a house it is alleged. The young lad who was recently implicated in a burglary in Bradford, was placed in the custody of the Rochester police authorities on a charge of juvenile delinquency.

—On Saturday last fourteen employes of the Smethport Window Glass factory left for Clarksville, W. Va., where they will be employed in a new machine factory that has just been built in that place. It is understood that a number of them will return to Smethport when the local factory resumes operations.

—Every person is especially urged to help the Red Cross campaign for securing nurses for the Army and Navy and for the other activities of Red Cross work. It is estimated that there are less than 40,000 nurses in the country that are eligible for service in the Army and Navy—and 25,000 must be had before the year is over. The best way that people in this vicinity can help the movement is by bringing to the attention of the women now graduating from schools and colleges their great opportunity in this line and urging them to enter schools for training, both military and civil, so as to fill the gaps made by the enrollment of graduate nurses into the military service.

—Members of the Smethport Allied Band are especially urged to attend the regular weekly meeting at the band house to-night.

Over in Cameron county one day last week a large black bear chased two children out of a berry-patch, and later in the day entered the kitchen of a dwelling house and ate a panful of corn meal mush, which had been prepared for chickenfeed. Some men succeeded in getting a rope over the bear, and it is now a captive in the village of Cameron.

—A touring car owned by Carroll Douglass of Bradford containing six people was overturned near Red House Sunday night when the roadway crumbled because of heavy rains. Mr. and Mrs. Douglass, two children, Janet and Junior, and nurse maid, Miss Anna Hartman and Mrs. C. P. Kennedy of Harbourville, Ky., were in the car and some of them sustained injuries, Mr. Douglass having a rib broken.

—The Norwich Oil & Gas Company operating in Norwich Township, McKean County, has filed with the Public Service Commission, new tariff of natural gas rates to become effective on July 1st, 1918, making the following changes in existing rates: Gas at retail to domestic consumers, from 27c to 30c per thousand cubic feet. Gas at wholesale to distributors to domestic consumers increase from 13½c to 15c per thousand cubic feet. Gas at wholesale to distributors to from 12c to 14c per thousand cubic feet.

DONATIONS TO THE CROSBY AUXILIARY OF THE RED CROSS FOR MAY.

Oscar Anderson	$2.00
C. S. Benson	1.00
Francis Benson	2.00
C. M. Benson	1.00
L. L. Bloomster	2.00
Frank Bloomster	2.00
G. S. Bayer	2.00
Geo. Bloomster	2.00
Zora Cox	2.00
W. C. Cleveland	1.00
J. A. Cleveland	1.00
L. W. Chandlear	2.00
Nick Crist	2.00
Chas. Dingus	2.00
J. Dillon	2.00
M. Doubles	1.00
Jas. Dunn	2.00
Frank Fays	1.00
W. H. Edmunds	1.00
N. A. Ends	1.00
Stephen Ecker	2.00
D. A. Gifford	1.00
H. G. German	5.00
Ray Gifford	2.00
Mart Grinolds	3.00
F. B. Granger	.50
W. H. Gallup	10.00
L. W. Hendrickson	1.00
Walter Hendrickson	3.00
Wm. Hendrickson	3.00
Sam Hendrickson	2.00
Oscar Johnson	3.00
C. B. Lathorpe Jr.	3.00
Herman Lord	1.00
Carl Manwarings	1.00
Floyd Mrack	3.00
Geo. McCallum	3.00
C. A. McGowan	2.00
Dan McCurdy	3.00
Joe Morgani	.50
Frank Newcombe	3.00
Pietro Petrenatla	1.00
Michael Ryan	1.00
Harry Shekander	3.00
Geo. Stressoff	2.00
Harry Tinnerman	2.00
Bill Velo	1.00
Edmond Whitelaw	1.00
S. L. Winslow	2.00
W. A. Hulett	.50
E. Pixley	2.00
H. Lathorpe, Jr.	2.00
F. Grinolds	1.00
I. Wilcox	1.00
J. Nido	1.00
P. Chris	1.00
E. Marsh	1.00
W. R. Fulmer	1.00
Donations	25.00
Total	$144.40

Found Answer in His Sleep.

Mathematical students will be interested in the experience of the Marquess de Cordorcet, who published a volume on the integral calculus at the age of twenty-two. A problem had been submitted to him which, try as he might, he could not solve. To use a colloquialism, he "went to sleep on it," and successfully obtained the answer, which he remembered on waking.

Avoid Brilliant Lights.

If you have a sense of faulty vision it is a natural inclination to seek a very strong light by which to read or study. This simply adds to the eye-strain. The best light is an indirect, diffused light of sufficient strength to make the letters on the page stand out in uniform distinctness. Avoid the brilliant reflection from metallic objects that may be on the desk.

Easy Money.

Near Otis Hill, in Hingham, Mass., where once stood a target and rifle range, the highway road excavator has scooped from the hilly ground several hundred pounds of lead from bullets fired there, and one young man is credited with having obtained enough lead to fill an ash sifter, his first hour's [illegible]

HEINZ URGES SIMPLICITY

Wartime Brings Necessity For Economy and Earnest Conservation Effort

AVOID ALL EXTRAVAGANCE

At Public Banquets and in Home Entertainment Needs of the Nation Should be Considered.

Howard Heinz, Federal Food Administrator for Pennsylvania, made an emphatic statement regarding the waste of food which he believes may occur in too many instances, in private homes through elaborate dinner parties, and at public entertainments in the shape of costly banquets. He said:

"At intervals, for months past, I have read in the columns of the daily newspapers of the state accounts of elaborate private entertainments in the way of luncheons, dinners and similar functions in which there doubtless is, in at least some instances, a great and unnecessary waste. The food is often prepared and served on such occasions in such a way that it is practically impossible to utilize any of the remains of the banquet or make available for use the food in any other form.

"Our people should refrain from elaborate dinners and social entertainments where costly meals are a feature. This class of social functions should be marked by war-time simplicity. In all things there should be strict observance of Food Administration rules. The number of extra meals should be minimized. They are, for the most part, unnecessary.

"We are at war. The families of England have meat only twice a week. In France the population between 13 and 60 years of age is permitted to have only one and a half slices of bread per day per person. To win the war we must not only preach conservation, but practice it.

"I am not only opposing the idea of private dinners, public banquets or social functions, but I insist that war-time simplicity should prevail at them by moderation in the number of courses served. I urge upon our people that dinners, luncheons and banquets should be an example to the world of rigid conservation of food. Portions should be smaller. They should be prepared and served in accordance with food laws. Articles of diet not on the restricted list should be used.

"At commercial and business gatherings an example should be set and 3 menus in accordance with the strict requirements of the war-times in which we live be offered.

"Food waste is a crime. It is a crime against the starving millions of Europe, who are asking us for food; it is a crime against our soldiers and the soldiers of our Allies, who are fighting for us on the battle fields of Europe."

"SAVE ICE," SAYS FOOD DIRECTOR

Mr. Heinz Points Out Need For Conservation and Warns Against Waste.

"Saving of ice has become an imperative duty on the part of all consumers," said Howard Heinz, U. S. Food Administrator for Pennsylvania. "It is true that large supplies of natural ice were stored last winter, but it is a question whether the supply will be sufficient to meet the heavy demands which an unusually hot summer may bring about. Certainly all waste should be eliminated.

"There will be heavy drafts on the ice supply this summer for refrigeration purposes in the shipment of meat abroad, as well as for the transportation of fruit and fresh vegetables in this country. Preparation should be made by the public to meet this situation; and I hope for the co-operation of the people of Pennsylvania in conserving the supply.

"Manufacturers of artificial ice may find themselves handicapped by the shortage in the ammonia supply. Demand for ammonia in the manufacture of ammunition is steadily increasing, and, as the war goes on, these increases will continue. The ammonia situation is not serious or threatening now, but it is just as well to provide against possibilities as well as probabilities.

"Householders should never allow ice to lie on the dooratep and melt after it has been delivered from the wagon. It will last longer in the ice-box or refrigerator if wrapped in a thick covering of newspaper or cloth. Restaurants and hotels which are in the habit of serving a large heap of cracked ice in deep dishes when serving clams may well save something in that service. Dispensers of the various beverages will be able to effect economy in the use of ice if they give the matter attention.

"There is no doubt that thousands of tons of ice are wasted every summer and a large part of this waste is avoidable."

Last Stand of Beavers.

Far up in the fastnesses of the southern Rockies, hidden in one of the most inaccessible nooks that remain in this country today, what is probably the largest existing colony of beavers has established itself for a last stand. The beaver was once one of the most abundant of our American animals, but the ease with which he was trapped and the value of his fur soon drove him far on the road to extinction. Soon only the most stringent of protective legislation was able to save him, but now he seems to be "coming back," and wherever he finds a favorable location he increases rapidly.

Typesetter Made a Guess.

In the getting out of the first number of a new English magazine in Tokyo a proofreader discovered that the number 40,000 had been printed 39,000. On inquiring through an interpreter how such an odd mistake could have occurred, the proofreader said: "I can imagine a mistake of 20,000 or 30,000 being made, but how could he get 39,000 instead of 40,000?" The typesetter's reply was: "I had no '4' at the moment, so I calculated that 39,000 would be nearer the right amount than any other figure."

What the Draftsman Does.

Generally speaking, a draftsman, or draughtsman, is one who draws plans from instructions given him. A mechanical draftsman is an assistant to a mechanical engineer, and he draws the plans of the engineer's proposed works. If he is a mechanical engineer it will be plans of machines, bridges, etc. An architect plans buildings, and his draftsman, from instructions furnished him, draws the plans. The draftsman is largely a copyist. He creates nothing, but he gives expression to the ideas of his superior.

NOTICE.

"Notice is hereby given that application has been made to The Public Service Commission of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, under the provisions of the Public Service Company Law, by The Pennsylvania Railroad Company, Lessee of the Western New York and Pennsylvania Railway Company, for a certificate of public convenience evidencing the Commission's requisite approval of the abolition of two crossings, at grade, by a public highway, known as State Highway Route No. 210, over the tracks and right of way of said Company, south of Bullis Mill Station and the substitution of a new road in lieu thereof, in Eldred Township, McKean County, Pennsylvania.

A public hearing upon this application will be held in the rooms of the Commission at Harrisburg, on the 27th day of June, A. D. 1918, at 9:30 a. m., when and where all persons in interest may appear and be heard, if they so desire."

Charles H. Bergner,
J. E. B. Cunningham,
Spencer G. Nauman,
Solicitors.

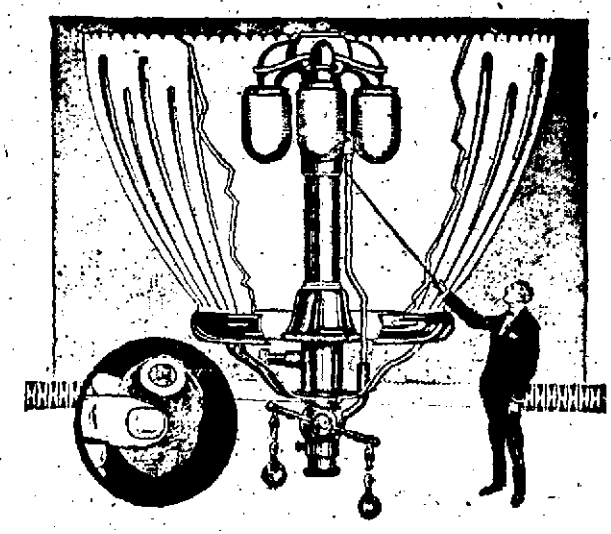
adv 24w2

FOR SALE ON CHAUTAUQUA LAKE.

Having foreclosed on two tile and concrete cottages, I will sell same at a sacrifice, 5 rooms each, electric wired, 5 cent car fare to Jamestown, address Julia Vincent, 105 Allen St., Jamestown, N. Y. adv24w3*

FOR SALE

Overland, 5-passenger, 4-cylinder, good as new. Terms very reasonable. Inquire at this office. adv22tf



Only This Is Needed

to transform completely the lighting of your home! Only this is needed to change a wasteful, unsatisfactory open-flame gas light into the most wonderful light of the age—the soft, eye-comforting, gas-saving "C. E-Z." LIGHT!

No matches necessary. No glassware, other than the eye-comforting "C. E-Z." shades which produce semi-indirect effect. The mantles cost only 7c. each, are very brilliant and durable, and cannot be injured before being placed on the burner. Fits any existing upright fixture.

See this wonderful light—little in size, big in candle-power—demonstrated in our showrooms.

CHARLES W. MASSER,
Hardware

Over A Million "C. E-Z." Lamps Already In Use In The United States

NOTICE

I AM IN NEED OF YOUR RAGS and will pay you higher prices than anyone else in the junk business.

Certain of my customers MUST HAVE THEM and are willing to pay me a price that warrants me in offering you an advance in prices over all others. If you have a few pounds on hand, a postal or 'phone message will bring me around if you live in town;—if you live out of town and will bring or send them in, I will pay you premium prices—in spot cash.

At present my price for clean mixed rags is 2 cents per pound; also, please remember that I pay even more that that for rags of better grades. Do not dispose of anything in my line until you get my prices, otherwise WE BOTH LOSE.

I also buy all kinds of junk; metals, rubber, manilla rope, burlap, bags, etc., at top prices. Present prices for scrap iron until further notice, is $16.50 per gross ton delivered.

MEYER ZAFRON
SMETHPORT, PA.
Phone 26 M. Main St. and McCoys Corner.

McKean County Miner

HARRY L. BACKUS, Owner.
ROSS K. KNAPP, Editor and Manager

Entered at the Post Office at Smethport, Pa., as second-class matter.

Smethport, Pa., Thursday, June 20, 1918.

REPUBLICAN TICKET.

For Governor,
WILLIAM C. SPROUL,
of Chester County.

For Lieutenant-Governor
EDWARD E. BIEDLEMAN
of Dauphin County.

For Secretary of Internal Affairs.
JAMES F. WOODWARD,
of Allegany County.

For Congressmen-at-Large
MAHLON M. GARLAND,
of Allegany County.
THOMAS S. CRAGO,
of Greene County.
JOSEPH McLAUGHLIN,
of Philadelphia County.
ANDERSON H. WALTERS,
of Cambria County.

For Representative in Congress
EVAN J. JONES
of Bradford

For Members of Assembly
C. W. CATLIN
of Port Allegany.
J. A. FITZGIBBON
of Bradford.

The zealous patriot," says Secretary Lansing, "has no time to grumble and grieve over errors. He is too busy in aiding the government in the work of today to spend his time picking flaws in the work of yesterday."

Mr. Lansing misconceives the use of proper criticism. What is most to be complained of in our conduct of the war is the very attitude which he recommends to the zealous patriot. There is too much preoccupation with the work of to-day. The government's critics mainly insist that more thought shall be placed on the work of to-morrow. They wish the lessons of yesterday to be learned. They deplore the fact—to be specific—that after the U-boat eruption off the American coast, and not before, the government sends for a representative of Henry Ford to discuss ways and means of producing Eagle boats more rapidly. "The conference," says "The New York Times," "is expected to result in a material increase in the order for the ships which are particularly adapted to the work of locating and overcoming the submarines in coast waters."

Mr. Ford has said that he might as well have been building 300 of these boats as the 100 ordered. The Tribune for many weeks has been calling attention to this "flaw in the work of yesterday," hoping by its criticism to increase the number of Eagles for to-morrow. We failed to make the desired impression upon Washington. We had to wait until the U-boat arrived.—N. Y. Tribune.

On January 18, 1918, one of the official German newspapers in Berlin published the following statement: "The American secretary of war speaks of an American army in France. There is an American Army in France, but it consists entirely of woodcutters, railway men and doctors, except two or three divisions, whose precious lives are being spared in quiet places far behind the front. Mr. Baker speaks as if shortly there would be 1,500,000 Americans in France. Can the United States spare such a large number of men? The answer is no, because a large part of the army must remain behind for the protection of the frontiers, the coasts, the colonies and for other duties of a political nature. The political situation compels the United States to keep at home the greater portion of its army and the country can at the most put only 400,000 or 500,000 men into the European battlefield." There is surely a horrible awakening in store for Germany if it makes all its wartime estimates on that basis. The foregoing statement was made less than six months ago, and to-day the United States has close to 800,000 men in France many of them fighting and many more anxious to fight. And this is merely preliminary to what the United States has set out to accomplish. There will be plenty more left at home "to protect the frontiers, the coasts and the colonies," as Germany will quickly discover if it attempts to start anything via the Mexican border or seacoast routes.

PENALIZING WOOD.

For it is impossible to examine the course pursued without discerning that there was a deliberate purpose to penalize, if not to humiliate, this officer. General Wood had been assigned to prepare the Eighty-ninth division for service, and to command it overseas. He had been sent to France to become acquainted with the special problems of the operations there. He had passed a stringent test of his physical fitness. He was permitted to make all arrangements for embarkation. And then, without an hour's warning with "no intimation, direct or indirect, of any change of orders," he was peremptorily detached and ordered to take a desk position on the Pacific coast.

The nearest approach to an explanation is the official but unacknowledged hint that General Pershing sent to Washington a list of general officers who would be acceptable to him, and that Wood's name was not on it. If this carefully propagated statement is true, loyal Americans must defer to the judgment of the commander of the expeditionary forces, even tho it be against all the evidence as to Wood's exceptional fitness. But the excuse is wholly uncandid and discreditable so far as the administration is concerned.

President Wilson is commander-in-chief of the armed forces of the United States, and has shown himself extremely sensitive in insisting upon all the prerogatives of that office. It is his function, and not that of any other person living, to select the field commanders of the army; yet it is pretended that he has surrendered this authority to the head of the expeditionary forces, an officer who is General Wood's junior in service, in experience and in permanent military rank.

Moreover, the effort to make Pershing bear the odium for keeping Wood from the front, even if it be true that the commander in France has blacklisted him, is indefensible. A government worthy of the name will either reject the recommendations of its agents in the field and say nothing about it, or will make them its own. What the administration has done is to defend the civil branch against criticism by turning public suspicion against the military department, a palpable disservice to the nation in time of war.—Philadelphia North American.

For war work during the present fiscal year Congress has appropriated $19,000,000,000. One celebrated writer has figured out that this represents a sum of money equal in value to a band of gold one inch wide and one-fourth of an inch thick circling the earth at the equator. It is three times all the money in the United States, and four fifths of what the government has spent for all purposes, including pensions, Panama Canal, public buildings and so on since the nation was born. It is more than the value of all our railroads, including terminals and equipment. This same writer, who by the way is Floyd W. Parsons, editor of Coal Age, writing in the Saturday Evening Post, says that our war with Spain cost us $200,000,000, and that we are now spending for war purposes more than that sum every five days. More soldiers were transported across the Atlantic to France in the single month of May than the total number of American soldiers who fought and won for us against Spain in 1898.

The manly action of J. Denny O'Neif in announcing his intention to support Senator William C. Sproul, the Republican candidate for governor, is most commendable. There is no question but that Mr. O'Neil would have made a stronger run for the nomination at the May primaries had he let it be known that he intended to abide by the decision of those primaries, and had no intention of becoming an "independent" candidate. Later events have proved, however, that Mr. O'Neil was "in the hands of his friends" and some of them did not approve of such a statement being made. As a matter of fact some of them are quite peeved because Mr. O'Neil has given this further proof that he is a Republican. To use an old-timer—Mr. O'Neil "should worry".

Editor Colcord of the Potter Journal is no friend of pro-Germans and occasionally expresses his sentiments in an extremely picturesque manner, of which the following is a fair sample: "Some hellion of the Kaiser destroyed, that night, the flags placed on the soldiers' graves in the Westfield cemetery Memorial day. To know that a community has such degenerates is humiliating, and to miss the opportunity of catching the sons of Boches and cutting out their white livers, is exasperating."

John B. Coulston, formerly editor of the Potter Democrat, published at Coudersport, who has resided in Passadena, California for a number of years, has volunteered his services to the Red Cross for service in France and last week sailed for "over there" to take up his new duties.

COURT HOUSE NOTES.

Marriage Licenses

June 12—Albert Leo Croker and Mary Margaret Mason both of Bradford, Pa.

June 14—Paul James Brazee and Augeline E. Cohoon both of Bullis Mills, Pa.

Thomas Joseph McDonell of Foxburg, Pa., Eliza Blanche Hadley of Mt. Jewett, Pa.

June 15—Frank Wilson Cramer of Johnstown, Pa., and Ella Field Emery.

June 17—George J. Schreider of Buffalo, N. Y., and Signa Tuveson, of Norwich, Pa.

Earl R. Towers and Ivah C. Hopple both of Port Allegany, Pa.,

June 18.—Clarence P. Tremaine and Rose P. Sanders both of Bradford, Pa.

Deeds.

June 12—Grace Baker and husband to Archie Malcolm and wife Smethport, $1800.

May T. Dennis Parcells and husband to Guy C. Rice, Eldred, $1500.

Geo. H. Bradley, et al, to G. C. Rice, Eldred, $150.

W. C. Butler to Edmund Hungerford Ceres. $1.

June 13—John Wheeler and wife to M. R. Dunham, Bradford, $3000.

Tuna Manufacturing Company to Vida Brymer, et al, Bradford, $3600.

John E. Shaw and wife to M. J. Turano and wife, Bradford, $1.

Kane Estate to Richard W. Swanson and wife. Kane, $500.

Velma May Eymer and husband to Alessio Pantuso, Lewis Run, $100.

Grace Naber and husband to Anna Elizabeth Wingard, Bradford, $1.

F. D. Cummings and wife to Ella Hoffman, Smethport, $500.

June 14—Mary Stoffer to Pringle Powder Co., Bradford, $1.

Olie Dunham Hatch and husband to F. B. Hazzad, Bradford, $1.

Michael Albonito to Rose Fabiono, Eldred, $150.

Treasurer of McKean County to S. S. Fry, Liberty, $14.87.

June 17—Philip C. Freeman and wife to G. Lawrence Graham, Bradford, $300.

George L. Graham and wife to William N. Graham, Bradford, $1.

Augustus W. Newell and wife to William A. McCafferty and wife, Bradford, $1.

June 18 Charles A. Peterson to Clarence Peterson, Mt. Jewett, $1.

Harry D. Farmer and wife to Consolidated Window Glass Company, Hazelhurst, $10.

Annie Davis to Bradford Wholesale Grocery Co., Inc., Bradford, $1.

John H. Anderson and wife to Bradford Wholesale Grocery Co., Inc., Bradford, $1.

Bradford Wholesale Grocery Co. Inc., to John E. Fitzmaurice, Trustee, Bradford, $4500.

Eagle Oil Company to Lewis Newell, Bradford Twp. $1000.

C. A. Dolley and wife to Charles W. Kearns, Port Allegany, $550.

United Furniture Manufacturing Co. to Bernard Blum, Port Allegany, $1750.

Satisfaction of Mortgage.

June 12—C. A. Dolley to Ocea Nelson and husband, Liberty, $3300.

June 13—John Ley to Dell J. Moody, Otto, $3000.

June 14—State Capitol Saving and Loan Association to Ida J. Preston and husband, Kane, $800.

June 17—O. F. Schonblom to Helen Giles Sharpe, et al., Foster, $4000.

June 18—J. B. Steele, Exr., to Catharine Parsons and husband, Bradford, $400.

Assignment of Mortgage.

June 13—Vida W. Braymer to Amelia Prill, Bradford, $1200.

—Attend the dance to be given by the Smethport Allied Band at the Lyceum, Thursday evening, June 27.

When They Met Again.

Two friends met recently in Flanders. Dan Daly was one of the friends. He used to be an advertising man in Brooklyn and elsewhere. Just before the war began he was in Germany; look-seeing. One night there was a grand party in Frankfurt-am-Main. Nora Bayes was there and one or two other Americans and Arthur Blaut, who owns the largest tannery in Germany. He tans most of the leather for one of the great English firms. Next day Blaut and Daly went out in Blaut's car and saw the town. Then they said good-by.

"We were out gathering up the wounded," said Daly, "when I heard my name called. There was a German soldier with a smashed arm.

"Won't you speak to me, Dan?" he asked.

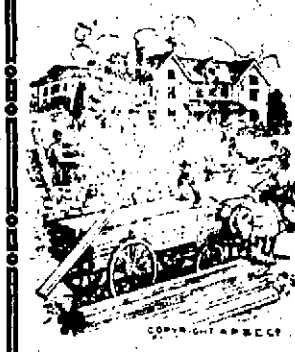
"It was Arthur Blaut."

But He Was Not Dead.

Raising trouble at his own funeral was the charge against a man in Portuguese Africa. A drunken man fell asleep by the roadside. A patrol coming along thought he was dead, and, as burial in that part of the world follows straight on the heels of death, he was speedily taken to the cemetery, where there are always open graves. The lowering into the grave aroused the toper, who made such a commotion that he was released. He was immediately fined a large sum for being drunk and creating a disturbance at a funeral.

Subscribe for the MINER.

HIGH-GRADE LUMBER



AND PLENTY OF IT

is awaiting the disposal of all who are building or intending to build, at our yards. Come and look over our stock and convince yourself that we have just the stuff you need—and that we can supply promptly, every kind of hard and soft wood needed to erect any style of building from cellar to roof.

HOLMES & GILFILLAN
Smethport.

SMETHPORT ALLIED BAND
DANCE
AT THE LYCEUM
FRIDAY NIGHT, JUNE 27

EVERY DAY IS THRIFT DAY

To those who trade here. Get the best line of "substitutes" that are on the market to-day as well as the very choicest grades of staple groceries. —

at

THE COLEGROVE GROCERY

The Store with many years' reputation for fair and square dealing.

YOU CANNOT

afford to insure yourself; otherwise you would not need insurance.
The same reasons that prompted you to carry insurance should, upon due inquiry, admonish you perhaps to take out more insurance, because of the increased cost of building materials, labor, and nearly every other item of expense entering into the cost of making repairs, or of re-building, after a fire. Ask

Burdick's Insurance Agency & Music Store

306 W. MAIN ST. SMETHPORT, PA.

TRY THE MINER
14 WEEKS
FOR 50c

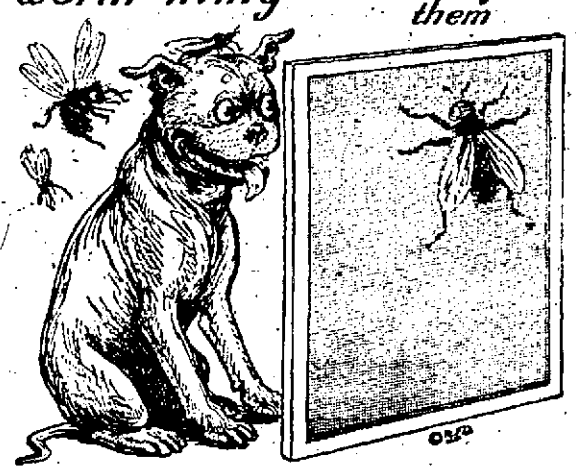
FARMERS AND GARDENERS.
You can get
FORMALINE
for
SEED OATS AND POTATOES.
at
H. C. WELLS
SMETHPORT, PA.

"The Pot is Starting to Boil"

Masser Brothers Co

THE DEPENDABLE STORE PHONE-149

Screens for the windows and doors make life worth living *We've got them*



Don't put up a rusty, worn-out old screen. It won't keep the flies, mosquitos and insects out, but will make it harder for you to "drive" them out.

Screen doors and windows in all sizes. Black and galvanized screen by the square foot.

PRICES RIGHT.

THE CORNER HARDWARE.

B. T. GARLICK, Hardware

Smethport, Pa.

McKean County Miner

Entered at the Postoffice at Smethport, Pa, as second-class mail matter.

Smethport, Pa., Thursday June 20

LOCAL AND GENERAL.

—Grocers can get sugar certificates at this office. Mail orders are promptly filled.

—Picking wild strawberries seems to be a popular outdoor sport at the present time.

—Attend the dance to be given by the Smethport Allied Band at the Lyceum, Thursday, evening, June 27.

—Mrs. Eugene Duffey who has been seriously ill at her home on the Marvin Creek road is much better at this time.

—Mrs J. S. Walker and Mrs. C. W. Shattuck will entertain the Auction Bridge club at Galco park this afternoon. Lunch will be served at one o'clock.

—The Home Guard and a large delegation of citizens escorted the fifteen draftees to the train Saturday morning, where Rev. E. H. Edson made a short patriotic address before the train pulled out. These boys went to Erie where they will attend a training school to fit them for industrial duties for the benefit of the army.

—Attend the dance to be given by the Smethport Allied Band at the Lyceum, Thursday, evening, June 27.

—Paul Connolly who has been seriously ill a his home on Water street is much improved an now able to be out.

—Mrs. J. E. Walker who has been confined to her home on Main street for the past week by illness is improving.

—The McKean County Fair, Sept. 10-13, is going to be a big event this year. Secretary Rice is hard at work on preliminary plans.

—Henry J. Rice has recently received the appointment from the United States Government of Farm Labor Agent. He cheerfully assumes this added honor and attendant labor for the munificient salary of one dollar per year.

—A new ruling has just been issued by the United States Food Administration affecting sale of sugar for ordinary use, under which dealers must limit sales to two pounds to town and city consumers and to five pounds to consumers residing in the rural districts. This order does not, however, prevent consumers from securing sugar in larger quantities for home canning and preserving upon execution of a sugar purchase certificate.

—Attend the dance to be given by the Smethport Allied Band at the Lyceum, Thursday, evening, June 27.

—Men whose daily task demand real trousers service, should read Monheimer's advertisement in today's MINER.

Mrs. E. L. Keenan entertained the Twentieth Century Bridge club at her home on Main street Tuesday at a one o'clock luncheon.

—Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Gallup of Crosby, Miss Zola Brasted of Smethport and Edward Whitelaw of Crosby left Wednesday morning for a motoring trip to the Adirondack Mountains.

—An improvement at the fair grounds this year will be a new road leading into the grounds so that the crowd on the midway will not have to dodge automobiles.

—The Smethport Home Guard are drilling faithfully one night a week, have established a rifle range, and it is understood contemplate the purchase of rifles and summer uniforms soon. This is an excellent, well drilled body of men—a credit to the town.

—Miss Mabel Godding, of New York City, a member of a theatrical company playing "Nothing But the Truth," arrived home Thurday morning for a visit at the home of her mother, Mrs. Ella Godding, on Tionesta avenue.—Kane Republican, Miss Godding who is a daughter of the late R. K. Godding, was formerly a Smethport girl.

—Gay Edward Crandall and Edward Marlow Moberg, two bright young men from Kane, were callers at the MINER office Friday. They had been called to take the place of two men, granted deferred classification, in the quota of fifteen that left for training school at Erie, Friday morning. Mr. Crandall was placed in charge of the contingent.

—Frank Revette, of Bradford, husband of Vincenza Revette, who was murdered last Thanksgiving night, was placed under arrest on charge of being drunk and disorderly, Monday, but the captain of the police force was informed in the River street neighborhood that Revette, whether drunk or not threatened the lives of his three children; to get them out of the way in order to cut down expenses. Revette told the police captain that the latter had better lock him up for 30 days for fear he might do away with his own children.

—A motion on behalf of the district attorney for the dismissal of the indictment against Neal McCallum of Bradford was granted in county court at Mayville, N. Y., Tuesday. In October, 1917, Mr. McCallum's automobile driven by his chauffeur, struck and killed the daughter of Harry Sinclair of Fluvanna. Mr. Sinclair brought suit for damages as administrator and Mr. McCallum was indicted for manslaughter. The civil case has been settled in supreme court. According to the defense, Mr. McCallum was blameless in every respect for the accident.

The Smethport Allied Band will give a grand ball in the Lyceum, Thursday evening, June 27, to which everybody in the county is invited as well a anybody else who cares to attend. The band is in need of funds to keep it going and takes this means of raising the dust. Gentlemanly agents will soon be in your midst to sell tickets and you are supposed to buy cheerfully and freely. Good music will be in attendance on this occasion and a good time is guaranteed. Friday nearly one hundred draftees leave Smethport for training camp, and these boys and their relatives and friends are especially invited to make this a rousing farewell party. Watch for further advertising.

—The zone system which raises the postage rate on every periodical in the country, carrying over 5 per cent. advertising, goes into effect July 1. While the increase does not confer great hardship upon small newspapers, the principle, or lack of principle, behind the move is "goat-getting." With the newspapers contributing thousands of dollars worth of free space to carry out the governmental programs, as a matter of fact doing two-thirds of the work that hirelings are paid to do in some instances, and the example of Canada before us, where the government recognizing the great service of the press made the postal conditions more favorable to the publishers, the movement seems deliberately unjust. There is not an industry in the country that gives to the war work one-twentieth as freely of its product as the publishing business.

PERSONAL MENTION

Miss Ruth Jones was in Olean Monday.

Attorney C. W. Catlin of Port Allegany as in town Tuesday.

Miss Rita Gorton is spending the week with friends in Oswayo, Pa.

Mr. and Mrs. Albert Lyne returned Saturday evening from Pittsburgh, Pa.

John E. Mullin of Kane was a Smethport visitor a few days last week.

Hamlin Bosworth of Franklin, Pa., is a gust of his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Bosworth.

Dr. and Mr. John Kane of Olean were in town yesterday guests of Mrs. O'Reilly and family.

Mrs. Irena Roberts of Kane is a guest of Mrs. Frank Potter.

Ralph Catlin of Port Allegany was a guest of friends in his place Sunday.

Mrs. Earned of Syracuse, N. Y., is a guest of her daughter, Mrs. S. F. Redfield, and family.

Mrs. O. J. Hurdick was called to Renovo the first of the week by the serious illness of a friend.

O. H. Miller of Bradford was in town Monday in the interests of the Bon Air sanitarium at Rock City.

Mrs. D. Luby and daughter, Carolyn, of Syracuse, N. Y., are guets of Mrs. Luby's sister, Mrs. S. F. Redfield.

Miss Gertrude Cooper spent the week-end with her mother, Mrs. Flora Cooper in Portville, N. Y.

Mr. and Mrs. P. Burke Jacobs returned Monday evening from a few days visit at Rochester, N. Y.

Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Schwab and children of Bradford were guests of Mrs. L. K. Hogarth and family Sunday.

Wright Smith is spending the week with relatives and friends in Oswayo, Pa. He will leave June 28, for Camp Lee.

Mrs. H. C. Wells and Miss Irma Wells were guests of Mr. and Mrs. L. M. Finney of Bradford the first of the week.

Alpha Colegrove Jr. returned Monday from a ten-day visit at the home of Mr. and Mrs. George Richards, on Marvin Creek.

Mrs. Nellie Shoemaker and daughter, Louise, of Olean were guests of Mrs. Shoemaker's mother, Mrs. E. B. Pratt, Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Potter, Miss Aileen Bray, Miss Aletha Jones and Miss Carria Natello were Kane visitors last Thursday.

Mrs. A. H. Pierce Jr., returned Monday from Allegany, N. Y., where she had been a guest of Mrs. Burt Jones for a short time.

Mrs. Michael McKiernan and two sons of Crosby were guests of Mrs. McKiernan's parents, Mr. and Mrs. P. S. Curran, Saturay and Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. A. R. Braden returned to their home in Clarington, Pa., Monday after a short visit with Mrs. Bradner's mother, Mrs. J. C. Cunningham.

Mr. and Mrs. J. B. Eastman, daughter, Miss Dorothy and son Jack returned Sunday evening from a ten-days automobile trip through New York State.

Miss Rachel Mayo who has finished a most successful term of school at Akron, Ohio has returned to Smethport to spend the summer with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. E. R. Mayo.

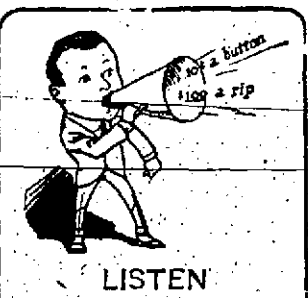
Mrs. H. C. Wells, Miss Irma Wells, Mrs. Kate Taylor and Miss Katherine Hamilton were Bradford visitors Saturday. The trip was made in he Wells car.

Mr. and Mrs. Louis Schlosser and son, Leo, of Shinglehouse visited friends and relatives in Smethport and vicinity during the week. Mr. Schlosser called at the MINER office Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. B. E. Balz, and children, Mr. and Mrs. H. L. Backus, daughter, Clarissa and sons Harry Jr. and William left Saturday in Mr. Balz's car for a visit with relatives and friends in Linesville, Pa. Mr. Balz returned Monday.

Charles E. Patton, of Harrisburg State Secretary of Agriculture, was in town Tuesday. Mr. Patton, it is understood, is visiting different places in the county on a cattle buying expedition. He is a practical farmer and owns a large farm in Lancaster county.

Mr. and Mrs. James A McKean, Mr. and Mrs. S. W. Hubbard, Miss Margaret Hubbard, Julia Katherine, and John Hubbard returned Tuesday from Trento, Canada, where they had been to visit James Hubbard. The trip was made in the McKean car.



LISTEN

We are headquarters for the most popular brand of trousers in America—

DUTCHESS TROUSERS

10c A BUTTON; $1.00 A RIP.

For men whose daily tasks demand strong and durable trousers, "Dutchess Trousers" are the ones to buy or we can help you to select a pair to go with last years coat and vest. After wearing a pair of "Dutchess Trousers" you will pat yourself on the back for having practiced real economy.

WM. MONHEIMER'S

THE HOME OF

ROYAL TAILORING.

Pictorial Patterns. Arrow Shirts.

The FRY COMPANY

SUCCESSOR TO FRY & COMES

16 Bargains in Coats

We offer this week the balance of this seasons "Redfern" coats for women at prices which will cause a quick clearance.

These garments are all new and owing to the increased cost of cloth and other materials entering into them cannot be duplicated today except at greatly increased prices. Its near the end of the season with us so out they go to your big profit. Materials are Poplins, Serges, Wool Velours, Tricotines and one black Taffeta.

Sizes 14, 16, 18, and 36 to 44.
Regular prices $17.50 to $28.50 worth a lot more.

CLEARANCE PRICES $13.50 to $19.75.

THE PRICES ARE FOR CASH ONLY.

WHERE SAFETY IS IMPORTANT.

SAFETY is very important where resources are limited. That is why every person whose income is moderate should have the protection of Bank Safety. In point of Management and Resources, this Bank gives every assurance of security for money and our officers take a personal interest in each account. A family account should be opened at this Bank where all income may be deposited for safe keeping. Payments may then be made for purchases and expenses by check. This plan enables the householder to keep all money under bank protection.

Best Known Bank in This County With Strong Directorate and Ample Resources.

Personal and Business Checking Accounts.

Hamlin Bank and Trust Company

3 per cent. Paid on Your Savings.

SMETHPORT, PA.

All The News Every Week

The Miner 14 weeks for 50 cents

Try our Store for Full Line of Housecleaning Novelties.

Our Liquid veneer makes your old furniture shine like new. This week only 25c a Bottle.

Leave your order for pineapples and strawberries to can. Our prices can't be beat.

TOMATO PLANTS, GERANIUMS, FORGET-ME-NOTS, AND OTHER PLANTS, AT BEST PRICES.

John A. Lindholm

Telephone 16-M.

CASH GROCER. SMETHPORT, PA.

FURNITURE

We respectfully call your attention to the fact that all our Furniture is worth your notice. You will get good, honest Furniture, the kind that is up to date and well made.

H. H SASSE Furniture, and Wall Paper Undertaking in All Its Branches

SUMMER SHOES FOR ALL.

This store can fit the whole family for all occasions in the line of footwear. Work or play, dress or for everyday wear we have the proper shoe for men, women and children.
Let us show you.
WE DO REPAIRING.

Anderson & Carlson THE SHOE MEN

Joke on the Poet.

John D. Wells, in his "Rhymes of Our Home Folks," tells a joke on himself. "It is difficult to remember all the children of one's own pen," he explains. "I've written a verse a day for fifteen years and oftentimes a forgotten one comes home to chide. Not long ago my little daughter Annette came home from school reciting a bit of verse. 'Did your teacher waste your time memorizing that verse?' I asked. 'Yes, father.' 'Well, it's doggerel; it has neither rhyme nor reason, and you may tell your teacher your father said so.' The next evening at dinner my little daughter said, 'I told my teacher what you said, father—that my rhyme was doggerel.' 'Well,' I asked, 'what did she say?' 'She said, "Your father ought to know. He wrote it."'"

When Lost in Woods.

When one is lost in the woods the matter becomes serious. This may happen to even the most acute, and the *average city dweller* would have difficulty in finding civilization again. So the psychologist has laid down this set of rules. When lost in the woods, keep going down hill and eventually the wanderer will reach a valley. Valleys are open places, usually inhabited. If no sign of men can be found, the straggler should follow a stream, which ultimately will lead him to a house or town. If the country is flat, the injunction to follow a stream is emphasized. In a total absence of water or hills, take note of the sun; determine the points of the compass, and then carefully decide in which direction the nearest habitation is likely to be.

Keeping Expenses Down.

"The income is usually reward of industry. The outgo illustrates the power of personal management. In the business world the great bugbear is the overhead charges. They go on whether the plant works full forces or not. When they bear an unjust relation to the income, calamity is sure to follow. The sogne is true with individuals, says Grit. They start in all right but allow the personal expense to grow faster than their surplus income. Better clothes, dainties, increased social expense soon eat up the income and the necessities have to go begging. When you see a man that can regulate his personal exchequer you will find him a good acquisition to your business.

Wampum.

Wampum was used by the American Indians as money, but it was probably not regarded as money until after the coming of the white man. Indians often exchanged belts or necklaces of wampum for a more desired article, but there was little or no idea of using it as a medium of exchange until after the white settlers arrived. The early colonists seized upon the wampum as a handy medium and it was used to such extent in New England that it was accepted by the colonial treasurer in payment of taxes until 1649 and became legal tender in New England and New York in amounts up to five shillings. In 1628, in Massachusetts, six white wampum were valued at one penny.

Their First Thought.

They say that a man's first thought on entering a room is, "Where is there a place to sit down?" but a woman's first thought is, "Where is there a mirror?" Whether that has always been man's first thought is difficult to state, but it doubtless has been woman's from time immemorial for from time immorial there have been mirrors. It is only since the beginning of the sixteenth century that mirrors have been used as articles of household furniture and decoration, and there are few women of the present day who do not realize and make use of their artistic value in adorning their homes.

What Is Truth?

A local minister delivered a discourse to his congregation on the old question, "What is truth?" notes the Los Angeles Times. Many learned discussions have been held on this theme in the past and men will probably continue to debate the subject for centuries to come. The fact, however, is that most people know more of the truth than they dare live, and their eternal conjectures and mouthings about abstract truth are usually indulged in for the purpose of attempting to avoid vital issues. "What is truth?" asked Pilate—and did not pause for answer.

Wearing of Wool.

Some years ago a book was published to prove that if you wore nothing but wool, even down to your bootlaces, almost all the ills to which flesh is heir would disappear, and that people who were inclined to embonpoint would grow quite slim, and become active enough to jump a five-barred gate. The fad had a good deal of success, and nobody denies it a certain amount of reason and truth; but the millennium will not be inaugurated by the wearing of blankets, and the dog-days still call loudly for something thin in the way of raiment.—Exchange.

It Is Not Here.

There are only two seasons—the wet and the dry—as the equator in Africa. The former is the summer season and lasts eight months. The thermometer averages from 110 to 125 degrees Fahrenheit.

Find Skeleton of Giant.

A perfect skeleton was uncovered in Surrey, England, during the work of carrying out alterations to surface water drainage in one of the main streets in Farnham. The chief bones were in a perfect state of preservation, and were sufficient to show that the body was that of a man of unusual stature. Close by was found a bone of a horse. The site of a Norman cemetery is only a little distance from the spot where the body was found, and here some years ago cinerary urns were discovered, which were stated to be perfect examples of first-century urns. Some of these are now preserved in Waverly abbey.

Kaiser's War Library.

It is reported that the kaiser is devoting considerable time to the creation of his own war library, and already this remarkable collection numbers 10,000 volumes.

The war lord is well known as a vain man and his collection of photographs runs into thousands. While the books come from every country, only German photographs are included, and those of the kaiser himself are numerous.

The war collection of the Royal Library of Berlin now numbers 50,000 volumes, and they are bound in special covers of gray, stamped with the Prussian eagle.

Temper, Foe of Collar.

Recent tests prove that a man's temper has more to do with his collar wearing out than does the much abused laundry. In the tests new collars endured around forty trips through the laundry process before cracks began to render them unpresentable.

On the other hand, collars that were worn after each washing were good for only about twenty trips through the laundry.

It is easy to crack a collar in buttoning it; damage can be done when adjusting the necktie, especially when this adjustment is done violently or impatiently.

Knights of the Garter.

The Knights of the Garter is the oldest and most envied of all British orders. This order is stated to have been founded somewhere between June 24 and August 6, 1348, by that fearless and chivalrous monarch, Edward III. Some time before that date Edward went a considerable way toward founding an Order of the Round Table in commemoration of King Arthur. A round table, some 200 feet in diameter, was constructed at Windsor, and here the knights were entertained at the king's expense. By so doing Edward gathered around him a host of adventure-loving spirits, who afterward greatly facilitated his scheme for a war in France.

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THE McKEAN COUNTY MINER

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Rolled Oats ..... 8c lb.
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Of all kinds of fancy and staple groceries that will always be handled at a fair price. We don't believe in getting rich quick. We are ready to live and let live. Get our prices first. It will pay. W. W. Hewitt, Grocer.

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Be sure they are pure. See us for all kinds of drugs. We carry full line of sundries, toilet articles, bathroom and sick room supplies. We are boosters for Home Trading. See us first. H. C. Wells, Druggist.

See Us and See Better.

Have you ever been examined by an authorized graduate of Optometrist. Now you are not taking any chances come in and talk it over. Large line of Jewelry. Engstroms Jewelry and Optometrist.

LOYALTY BASIS OF ALL CIVILIZATION

Every Citizen Owes Moral and Legal Obligation to His Government.

SAME IN COMMUNITY LIFE

People Have Duty to Their Home Town Which Is No Less Binding Because It Is Not Fixed by Law.

(Copyright, 1917, Western Newspaper Union.)

Loyalty is the foundation upon which the whole structure of civilization rests. Loyalty to one's country, loyalty to one's state, loyalty to one's city, loyalty to one's business associates, loyalty to one's friends! Loyalty is essential to the ordinary progress of the world. Without it the world must be chaos.

There would be no stable government in the world were it not for the loyalty of the people to their government. There would be no successful business enterprise on the face of the globe were it not for the loyalty of the men and women who are connected with it. No church could exist for a month were it not for the loyalty of its members. The successfulness of the home would be a myth were it not for the loyalty of the members of the family group.

The loyalty of a people to its government is based partly upon sentiment and partly upon the recognition of an obligation that a people owes to its government. A people that has the benefit of good government owes a duty to that government. Those who do not recognize this duty and perform it voluntarily are compelled by law to do so. The man or woman who is protected by the government in the pursuit of life and happiness, must contribute in money and service toward the support of the government. The man or woman who, under the protection of his government which preserves law and order, is able to accumulate property, must pay taxes on that property to help maintain the government which has protected him or her. In time of war the government has the right to call upon its citizens to take up arms in its defense.

Loyalty Moral Obligation.

In governmental affairs these things are regulated by law, and the man who receives the benefit of orderly government is required to fulfill the obligation which that entails, but in the ordinary affairs of life, loyalty is a moral rather than a legal obligation. There are laws which prevent a man from stealing from his employer or his business associates, but there is no law that requires him to be loyal to them. The success of a business institution, however, depends more upon the loyalty of its employees than upon the laws which prevent them from stealing its money. Likewise the stability of a government depends more upon the loyalty of its people than upon the laws which compel them to fulfill their obligation to the government.

It is equally true that the prosperity and growth of every individual community is dependent upon the loyalty of the people who live in it. Every citizen owes an obligation to his community, and the *obligation is a moral* as well as a legal one. The good citizen pays his taxes cheerfully and willingly. He serves upon the juries which administer the laws of the community. He fulfills every legal obligation that is imposed upon him by his government, but there is a moral obligation which is of still greater importance to the community. This moral obligation consists in doing everything that is in his power to promote the prosperity and happiness of his community. The man who is enabled to make his living in any community is under a moral obligation to spend his money in such a way as to help his community.

Prosperity Worth Protecting.

Anything worth having is worth protecting, and if the prosperity of a community is worth anything to the people living in it it is worth protecting. If the chance for a man to earn a good living, to live well, to give his children a good education, is worth anything, it is worth protecting.

There is just one way to protect the prosperity of a community, and that is to keep the community from being drained of its cash—working capital. The only way to do that is for the people of the community to keep their money at home. Every time the citizen of a community sends money away from home to a mail order house instead of spending it in his home stores he is disloyal to his community. It is disloyalty to the merchants only indirectly. It is disloyalty to the community of which the merchants are only a small but a very important part.

This is the moral obligation that every citizen owes to his community, just as the payment of taxes and the loyal support of his government are his legal obligations. Disloyalty of a large body of the citizens spells disaster to any government and disloyalty of any large part of the people to their community is followed inevitably by the downfall of the community. Self-interest, if nothing else, should convince every citizen of the advisability of fulfilling his moral obligation to his community.

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A Word to Farmers in This Section.

Get our prices first on your grain of all kinds. I pay highest market price and handle flour, Feed of all kinds. Let's deal together. F. A. Green.

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for groceries until you get our prices. We can compete with anyone, anywhere. Make us prove it. Boost for Home Trade—it will pay. The Colegrove Grocery.

Housewives of Smethport.

Just simply insist on having your bread orders come from Home Bakers. Don't use any outside baked goods. It hurts the town. Try our products. You will like them better. J. W. Pickersgill —Bakery.

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All kinds of Hardware, Paints, Oils, Chinamel, Guns; Ammunition and all kinds of Sporting Goods. You will find our prices and treatment right. Boost for Smethport and home trade. Bernard T. Garlick.

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You will find our large assortment of Hardware, tools and farm implements of all kinds can be bought at prices that will beat any catalogue House, we are boosters for Home Trade buy at home it will pay us all. Chas. W. Masser.

Eskimos' Festival of Masks.

When the winter solstice approaches, the Eskimos of Alaska get ready for their great annual festival of the masks. The Eskimos have the artistic instinct highly developed, and the masks worn by their dancers who take the parts of gods and goddesses, devils and various supernatural animals, *such as the wolf and bear*—"ancients" of all the wolf and bear tribes—are most cleverly sculptured. The leading part in the festival of the winter solstice, the object of which is to persuade the sun to return to the north, is always taken by a man wearing a mask that represents the sun. Other performers wear on their hands "finger masks" of the sun god, fringed with white hair from the reindeer's belly, for rays. And not least conspicuous in the ceremonial is an actor masked to represent the moon.

Drinking Water at Meals.

The notion that drinking water at meals interferes with digestion, by "diluting the gastric juices," has been utterly exploded, notes a health optimist. On the contrary, one should drink plenty of water at meals; it helps digestion. But it is best that the water should be at the temperature of the air, or cooled with a very little ice in summer. Another exploded idea is that the drinking of water at meals tends to make one fat. It is absolutely preposterous. The fact, indeed, is quite opposite, inasmuch as whatever encourages digestion is bound to discourage an unwholesome accumulation of fatty tissue. Lest it be imagined that these are only one man's opinions, it should be explained that they are fully indorsed by the experts of the government bureau of nutrition.

Money-Getting in Emergencies

Another difference in an emergency is that the poor man wonders how he is going to earn the money and the financier wonders where he's going to borrow it.—Galveston News.

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"OUTWITTING THE HUN"

By

LIEUTENANT PAT O'BRIEN

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SYNOPSIS.

CHAPTER I—Introductory. Pat O'Brien tells of his purpose in writing the story of his adventures.

CHAPTER II—Tells of his enlistment in the Royal Flying corps, his training in Canada and his transfer to France for active duty.

CHAPTER III—Describes fights in which he brought down two German airplanes and his final fight in which he was brought down wounded within the German lines and was made a prisoner of war.

A Hun spoke of his voyage from America to England as being exceptionally pleasant and said he had a fine time because he associated with the English passengers on board his fluent English readily admitting him to several spirited arguments on the subject of the war which he keenly enjoyed. One little incident he related revealed the remarkable tact which our enemy displayed in his associations at sea which no doubt resulted advantageously for him. As he expressed it he made a hit one evening when the crowd had assembled for a little music by suggesting that they sing God Save the King. Their offer his popularity was assured and the desired effect accomplished for very soon a French officer came up to him and said: "It is bad that England and our allies have not men in our army like you." It was too bad he agreed in telling me about it because he was confident he could have done a whole lot more for Germany if he had been in the English army. In spite of his struggle for tact, however, the man didn't seem very enthusiastic over the war and frankly admitted one day that the old British Battle Wagon of California were much more to his liking than the British had gone through over here. On second thought he laughed as though it were a good joke, but he evidently intended me to infer that he had taken a keen interest in politics in San Francisco.

When my chatty enemy first started his conversation with me the German doctor in charge reprimanded him for talking to me but he paid no attention to the doctor showing that some real Americanism had soaked into his system while he had been in the U. S. A. I asked him one day what he thought the German people would do after the war, if he thought they would make Germany a republic and much to my surprise he said very bitterly, "If I had my way about it, I would make her a republic today and hang the d——d Kaiser in the bargain." And yet he was considered an excellent soldier. I concluded however that he must have been a German socialist, though he never told me so. On one occasion I asked him for his name but he said that I would probably never see him again and it didn't matter what his name was. I did not know whether he meant that the Germans would starve me out, or just what was on his mind for at that time I am sure he did not figure on dying. The first two or three days I was in the hospital I thought surely he would be up and gone long before I was, but blood poisoning set in about that time, and just a few hours before I left for Courtrai he died.

One of those days, while my wound was still very troublesome, I was given an apple, whether it was just to torment me knowing that I could not eat it, or whether for some other reason I do not know. But anyway a German flying officer there had several in his pockets and gave me a nice one. Of course there was no chance of my eating it so when the officer had gone and I discovered this San Francisco fellow looking at it rather longingly, I picked it up intending to toss it over to him. But he shook his head and said "If this was San Francisco I would take it but I cannot take it from you here." I was never able to understand just why he refused the apple for he was usually sociable and a good fellow to talk to, but apparently he could not forget that I was his enemy. However, that did not stop one of the orderlies from eating the apple.

One practice about the hospital impressed me particularly. That was, if a German soldier did not stand much chance of recovering sufficiently to take his place again in the war, the doctors did not exert themselves to see that he got well. But if a man had a fairly good chance of recovering and they thought he might be of some further use, everything that medical skill could possibly do was done for him. I don't know whether this was done under orders or whether the doctors just followed their own inclinations in such cases.

My teeth had been badly jarred up from the shot and I hoped that I might have a chance to have them fixed when I reached Courtrai, the prison where I was to be taken. So I asked the doctor if it would be possible for me to have this work done there. He very curtly told me that although there were several dentists at Courtrai they were busy enough fixing the teeth of their own men without bothering about mine. He also added that I would not have to worry about my teeth, that I wouldn't be getting so much food that they would be put out of commission by working overtime. I wanted to tell him that from the way things looked he would not be wearing his out very soon either.

My condition improved during the next two days and on the fourth day of my captivity I was well enough to write a brief message to my squadron reporting that I was a prisoner of war and feeling fine, although as a matter of fact I was never so depressed in my life. I really knew very well that if the message reached my comrades it would be relayed to my mother in Montana. Ill and I did not want to worry her more than was absolutely necessary. It was enough for her to know that I was a prisoner. She did not have to know that I was wounded.

I had hopes that my message would be carried over the lines and dropped by one of the German flying officers. That is a courtesy which is usually practiced on both sides. I recalled how patiently we had waited in our airdrome for news of our men who had failed to return and I could picture my squadron speculating on my fate.

That is one of the saddest things connected with service in the R. F. C. You don't care much what happens to you, but the constant casualties among your friends are very depressing.

You go out with your flight and get into a mess. You get scattered and when your formation is broken up you finally wing your way home alone.

Perhaps you are the first to land. Soon another machine shows in the sky then another and you patiently wait for the rest to appear. Within an hour perhaps all have shown up save one, and you begin to speculate and wonder what has happened to him.

Has he lost his way? Has he landed at some other airdrome? Did the Huns get him?

When darkness comes you realize that at any rate he won't be back that night, and you hope for a telephone call from him telling of his whereabouts.

If the night passes without sign or word from him, he is reported as missing and then you watch for his casualty to appear in the war office lists.

One day, perhaps a month later, a message is dropped over the line by the German flying corps with a list of pilots captured or killed by the Huns and then, for the first time you know definitely why it was your comrade failed to return the day he last went over the line with his squadron.

I was still musing over this melancholy phase of the scout's life when an orderly told me there was a beautiful battle going on in the air, and he volunteered to help me outside the hospital that I might witness it, and I readily accepted his assistance.

That afternoon I saw one of the gamest fights I ever expect to witness.

There were six of our machines against perhaps sixteen Huns. From the type of the British machines I knew that they might possibly be from my own aerodrome. Two of our machines had been apparently picked out by six of the Huns and were bearing the brunt of the fight. The contest seemed to me to be so unequal that victory for our men was hardly to be thought of, and yet at one time they so completely outmaneuvered the Huns that I thought their superior skill might save the day for them despite the fact that they were so hopelessly outnumbered. One thing I was sure of they would never give in.

Of course it would have been a comparatively simple matter for our men, when they saw how things were going against them to have turned their noses down and landed behind the German lines and given themselves up as prisoners, but that is not the way of the R. F. C.

A battle of this kind [illegible]

Lieutenant O'Brien in the First Machine He Used in Active Service. With Him Is Lieutenant Atkinson.

is going to play in the war, but they evidently came to the conclusion that America hadn't taken up very deeply into her confidence, judging from the information they got, or failed to get, from me.

At any rate they gave me up as a bad job and I was ordered to the officers' prison at Courtrai, Belgium.

CHAPTER V.

The Prison Camp at Courtrai.

From the intelligence department I was conveyed to the officers' prison camp at Courtrai in an automobile. It was about an hour's ride. My escort was one of the most famous fliers in the world flying now. He was later killed in action, but I was told by an English airman who witnessed his last combat, that he fought a game battle and died a hero's death.

The prison, which had evidently been a civil prison of some kind before the war, was located right in the heart of Courtrai. The first building we approached was large and in front of the archway, which formed the main entrance, was a sentry box. Here we were challenged by the sentry, who knocked on the door; the guard turned the key in the lock and I was admitted. We passed through the archway and directly into a courtyard on which faced all of the prison buildings, the windows, of course, being heavily barred. After I had given my pedigree—my name, age, address, etc.—I was shown to a cell with bars on the windows overlooking this courtyard. I was promptly told that at night we were to occupy these rooms but I had already surveyed the surroundings, taken account of the number of guards and the locked door outside, and concluded that my chances of getting away from some other place could be no worse than in that particular cell.

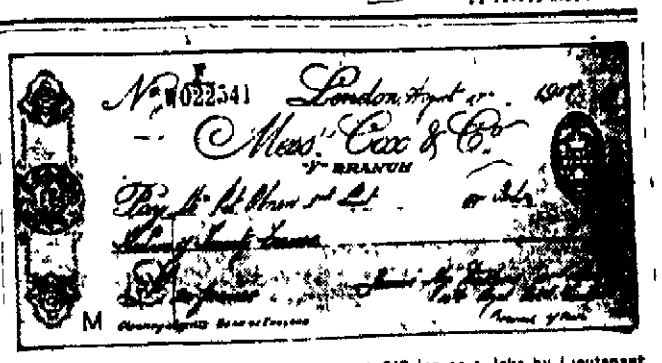
As I had no hat, my helmet being the only thing I had worn over the lines, I was compelled either to go bareheaded or wear the red cap of the Bavarian whom I had shot down on that memorable day. It can be imagined how I looked attired in a British uniform and a bright red cap. Wherever I was taken my outfit aroused considerable curiosity among the Belgians and German soldiers. When I arrived at prison that day I still wore this cap and as I was taken into the courtyard my overcoat covering my uniform all that the British officers who happened to be standing themselves in the courtyard could see was the red cap. They afterwards told me they wondered who the "bug Hun" was with the Limburger on his mouth. This cap I managed to keep with me, but was never allowed to wear it on the walks we took. I either went bareheaded or borrowed a cap from some other prisoner.

At certain hours each day the prisoners were allowed to mingle in the courtyard and on the first occasion of this kind I found that there were 11 officers imprisoned there besides myself.

They had here interpreters who could speak all languages. One of them was a mere boy who had been born in Jersey City, N. J. and had spent all his life in America until the beginning of 1914. Then he moved with his folks to Germany and when he became of military age the Huns forced him into the army. I think if the truth were known he would much rather have been fighting for America than against her.

I found that most of the prisoners remained at Courtrai only two or three days. From there they were invariably taken to prisons in the interior of Germany.

Whether it was because I was an American or because I was a flyer, I don't know, but this rule was not followed in my case. I remained there two weeks.



Facsimile of the Check Given to Lieutenant O'Brien as a Joke by Lieutenant Dickson When They Were Fellow Prisoners at Courtrai.

During this period Courtrai was constantly bombed by our airmen. Not a single day or night passed without one or more air raids. In the two weeks I was there I counted 21 of them. The town suffered a great deal of damage. Evidently our people were aware that the Germans had a lot of troops concentrated in this town and besides the headquarters staff was stationed there. The kaiser himself visited Courtrai while I was in the prison, I was told by one of the interpreters, but he didn't call on me, and for obvious reasons I couldn't call on him.

The courtyard was not a very popular place during air raids. Several times when our airmen raided that section in the day time I went out and watched the machines and the shrapnel bursting all around, but the Germans did not crowd out there, for their own antiaircraft guns were hammering away to keep our planes as high in the sky as possible, and shells were likely to fall in the prison yard any moment. Of course I watched these battles at my own risk. Many nights from my prison window I watched with peculiar interest the air raids carried on and it was a wonderful sight with the German searchlights playing on the sky, the "flaming onions" fired high and the burst of the antiaircraft guns but rather an uncomfortable sensation when I realized that perhaps the very next minute a bomb might be dropped on the building in which I was a prisoner. But perhaps all of this was better than no excitement at all, for prison life soon became very monotonous.

One of the hardest things I had to endure throughout the two weeks I spent there was the sight of the Hun machines flying over Courtrai knowing that perhaps I never would have another chance to fly and I used to sit by the hour watching the German machines maneuvering over the prison as they had an airdrome not far away and every afternoon the students—for I took them for students because their flying was very poor—appeared over the town. One certain Hun seemed to find particular satisfaction in diving right down over the prison nights, for my special discomfort and benefit it seemed, as if he knew an airman imprisoned there was vainly longing to try his wings again over their lines. But I used to console myself by saying: "Never mind old boy there was never a bird whose wings could not be clipped if they get him just right and your turn will come some day."

One night there was an exceptionally heavy air raid going on. A number of German officers came into my room and they all seemed very much frightened. I jokingly remarked that it would be fine if our airmen hit the old prison—the percentage would be very satisfactory—one English officer and about ten German ones. They didn't seem to appreciate the joke however, and, indeed they were apparently too much alarmed at what was going on overhead to laugh even at their own jokes. Although these night raids seem to take all the starch out of the Germans while they are going on, the officers were usually as brave as lions the next day and spoke contemptuously of the raid of the night before.

I saw thousands of soldiers in Courtrai, and although they did not impress me as having very good or abundant food, they were fairly well clothed. I do not mean to imply that conditions pointed to an early end of the war. On the contrary, from what I was able to observe on that point, unless the Huns have an absolute crop failure they can, in my opinion, go on for years! The idea of our being able to win the war by starving them out strikes me as ridiculous. This is a war that must be won by fighting, and the sooner we realize that fact the sooner it will be over.

Rising hour in the prison was seven o'clock. Breakfast came at eight. This consisted of a cup of coffee and nothing else. If the prisoner had the foresight to save some bread from the previous day, he had bread for breakfast also, but that never happened in my case. Sometimes we had two cups of coffee, that is, near-coffee. It was really chicory or some cereal preparation. We had no milk or sugar.

For lunch they gave us boiled sugar beets or some other vegetable, and once in a while some kind of pickled meat but that happened very seldom. We also received a third of a loaf of bread—war bread. This war bread was as heavy as a brick black and sour. It was supposed to last us from noon one day to noon the next. Except for some soup, this was the whole lunch menu.

Dinner came at 5:30 p. m. when we sometimes had a little jam made out of sugar beets, and a preparation called tea which you had to shake vigorously or it settled in the bottom of the cup and then about all you had was hot water. This tea was a sad blow to the Englishmen. If it hadn't been called tea they wouldn't have felt so badly about it, perhaps, but it was adding insult to injury to call that stuff tea which with them is almost a national institution.

Sometimes with this meal they gave us butter instead of jam, and once in a while we had some kind of canned meat.

This comprised the usual run of eatables for the day—I can eat more than that for breakfast! In the days that were to come I learned that I was to fare considerably worse.

We were allowed to send out and buy a few things but as most of the prisoners were without funds this was but an empty privilege. Once I took advantage of the privilege to send my shoes to a Belgian shoemaker to be half soled. They charged me 20 marks—$5!

Once in a while a Belgian Ladies' Relief society visited the prison and brought us handkerchiefs, American soup—which sells at about $1.50 a bar in Belgium—toothbrushes and other little articles all of which were American made, but whether they were supplied by the American relief committee or not I don't know. At any rate these gifts were mighty useful and were very much appreciated.

One day I offered a button off my uniform to one of these Belgian ladies as a souvenir, but a German guard saw me and I was never allowed to go near the visitors afterwards.

The sanitary conditions in this prison camp were excellent as a general proposition. One night, however, I discovered that I had been captured by "cooties."

This was a novel experience to me and one that I would have been very willing to have missed because in the flying corps our airdromes are a number of miles back of the lines and we have good billets and our acquaintance with such things as "cooties" and other unwelcome visitors is very limited.

When I discovered my condition, I made a holler and roused the guard, and right then I got another example of German efficiency.

This guard seemed to be even more perturbed about my complaint than I myself, evidently fearing that he would be blamed for my condition.

The commandant was summoned and I could see that he was very angry. Someone undoubtedly got a severe reprimand for it.

I was taken out of my cell by a guard with a rifle and conducted about a quarter of a mile from the prison to an old factory building which had been converted into an elaborate fumigating plant. There I was given a pickle bath in some kind of solution, and while I was absorbing it my clothes, bed clothes and whatever else had been in my cell was being put through another fumigating process.

(Continued next week.)

No. 66 Squadron, Royal Flying Corps.

INVENTORY OF KIT

2/Lieut. A.O'Brien, R.F.C. (S.R.) Reported missing 17-8-17

Packed in Trunk.

2	suits Pyjamas.
1	Shirt.
4	Vests.
4	Prs. Pants.
2	Prs. Combinations.
1	Night Shirt.
2	Towels.
1	Pr. Shorts.
1	Pr. Putties.
2	Prs. Breeches.
1	Pr. Trousers.
1	Strap.
1	Suit civilian clothes.
1	Belt.
1	Tunic.
1	American Tunic.
1	Pr. Ankle Boots.
1	British Warm Coat.
2	Pr. Goggles.
1	Sam Browne Belt.
1	Cane.
1	Box Dentrifice.
3	Blankets.

2/Lieut. R.F.C.

Major, Commanding No. 66 Squadron, Royal Flying Corps.

Photograph of Official Memorandum, Giving an Inventory of the Personal Belongings of Lieutenant O'Brien, Which Were Turned Over to Lieutenant Raney When O'Brien Was Reported Missing on August 17, 1917.

Facts Versus Fancy.

"I am sure, Maggie," said the mildly critical mother, "that any woman ought to be satisfied with what John says he [illegible] So would I [illegible] with what he gives me," replied Maggie.

CORYVILLE

Attended Wedding at Fredonia—Guests from Olean—Attended C. E. Rally.

Mrs. Carr has returnd from Smethport where she was a guest of friends.

Mrs. Albert Rice and daughter, Alberta of Larabe were visiting the former's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Volney Washburn, last week.

Miss Iona Carr was in Eldrd recently.

Miss Margaret Starkweather was a business visitor in Smethport during the past week.

Mrs. S. R. Parrett and children, were guests of friends in West Clarksville and Obi., N. Y., last week.

Mr. and Mrs. E. G. Fairchild were business visitors in Eldred Saturday.

Mrs. Frances Washburn was a week-end guest of her daughter Mrs. Orlo Cary and family of Pierce brook.

Miss Hazel Dean of Burtville is a guest of Miss Mary Moody.

Mr. and Mrs. Orval Tuttle and children of Olean were guests of Mrs. Ella Holmes. Mr. Tuttle returned home Sunday. Mrs. Tuttle and children will remain for a few days.

Mr. and Mr. George Moody and family motored to Burtville Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Sparks were in Simpson last Sunday guests of Mr. and Mrs. W. E. Scott and Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Parker.

Mr. and Mrs. Floyd Trank and baby of Eldred were guests of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. E. G. Fairchild, Sunday. Master Gordon Trank who has been staying with his grandparents for the past two months returned home.

Mrs. Effie Hartson has returned to Rochester, N. Y.

Mr. and Mrs. L. I. Holmes and children of Bradford were over Sunday guests of the former's mother. Mrs. Ella Holmes.

Mr. and Mrs. E. A. Guenter motored to Fredonia, N. Y. last week to attend the wedding of a friend. Mrs. Willis T. Flory, of Bangor, Pa., who was a guest of friends in Fredonia, returning home with them to visit her parents, Mr. and Mrs. B. F. Cory.

Mrs. E. C. Holmes returned Saturday evening from a weeks visit in Bradford.

Rev. Lawence Thayer, Mrs. George Moody, daughters, Ella and Mary, Mrs. Hedley Essensa and Miss Vivian Miller attended the C. E. rally at Sweden Valley.

ELDRED

Plans for New Church—To Electrocute the Kaiser—Hold Gospel Meetings.

Architect Straw of Olean is drafting plans for the proposed new Catholic church. This is for one to replace the one recently destroyed by fire. The present plans are for the erection of a brick and tile building on the plot occupied by the other, but a little farther south on the lot. The estimate cost of the new building is about $10,000 to $12,000. Details are now being worked out by the committees in charge.

Rev. Harry Smith and his mother, Mrs. George Smith of Haymaker, and Rev. and Mrs. S. S. Stoddard, of Hazelhurst, left last Saturday, for the Adirondacks where they will spend a couple of months holding gospel meetings.

Millard Stannard and James Edgar expect to leave today to enter an electrical school for a few months' training to get in shape to go over and electrocute the crazy man of Europe.

Born, yesterday, to Mr. and Mrs. Roy Peters of Barnum, a 9½ pound boy.

K. P. Colter ho has been South for several months, returned to Eldred last night.—Eagle.

LARABEE

Mrs. Isaac Burrows Died—Enlisted in the Marine Corps.

Dr. Wm. R. Agate of Emporium celebrated Holy Communion at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Eros Carpenter Tuesday. He was accompanied by Mrs. Agate.

A cablegram was received recently from France by the parents of Earl Gill stating that he had been seriously wounded. His many friends here hope he may recover.

Mrs. Joel Tomer, who has been visiting her granddaughter, Mrs. Warren Hart, of Detroit, Michigan, returned home Saturday.

Mrs. Anna Floyd and daughter, Mrs. Myrtle Rogers, of Williamsport are visiting Mr. and Mrs. J. T. Johnson.

Mrs. F. A. Moore of Coryville was visiting relatives in town Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. F. C. Crandall and grandson, Master Laurence Barrie, of Hinsdale, N. Y., are spending a few days at their home here.

Mr. and Mrs. Walter Slingerland of Olean called on friends in town, Monday.

F. B. Granteer of Crosby was a week-end guest of his daughter, Mrs. J. L. Raszmann.

Dr. and Mrs. J. A. Woodard of Shinglehouse were in town, Tuesday.

Dr. William R. Agate of Emporium and Dr. G. P. Meecham of Eldred called on Mr. and Mrs. Eros Carpenter, Thursday morning.

Claud Hayes enlisted in the Marines recently and was sent Monday to a training camp in South Carolina.

Mr. and Mrs. Pachia of Olean were Saturday guests of Mr. and Mrs. Jacob Pacer.

Mr. and Mrs. Warren Hart and Miss Edith Moore of Detroit, Micigan, are guests of Mr. and Mrs. Eros Carpenter.

Floyd Moore returned from Mt. Alton Thursday and is now working for the Wilson and English Construction Company.

Mrs. Isaac Burrows died at her home here Thursday morning. The funeral was held Saturday p. m. Interment was made in Portville Cemetery.

PORT ALLEGANY

Mad Dog Scare at Wrights—Items of Interest from the Reporter and Argus.

People in the vicinity of Wrights have been having a mad dog scare this week, and are very much alarmed over conditions. The dog supposed to have been mad bit Dorothy Wetmore through the lips, besides biting three cows belonging to Fred Caskey and several other dogs in that neighborhood. The dog was finally brought to Dr. Colcord who will see that it is thoroughly examined for symptoms of rabies. Dorothy Wetmore is receiving treatment from Dr. Otto.

—The following went to Smethport Friday and Saturday to take the teachers examinations given by Supt. C. W. Lillibridge: Cecelia Snyder, Ila Meeker, Leona Culver, Cecil Hazen, Lucy Huggler, Alice Sanberg, Dorothy Portner, Grace Phalin.

Mr. Fred Kinney and son John of Smethpor are passing the week at Wrights the guests of her parents Mr. and Mrs. Seyler.

Miss Nellie Smith returned to her home in Smethport Sunday after passing a few days here the guest of Mr. and Mrs. John Lyman.

Miss L. S. Baker, editor of the McKean Democrat of Smethport was in town Saturday on business.

LA FAYETTE

Severe Storm Does Some Damage—General News Notes.

Mr. and Mrs. Park Briscoe and daughter of Allen, Pa. were in town Sunday. They were accompanied home by Mrs. Briscoe's mother, Mrs. Cornelia Woodward.

Mr. R. Ward who has been visiting his daughter, Mrs. G. A. Taylor has gone to Lewis Run where she will make this future home.

Mr. and Mrs. Roy Sherwin and children of Bradford spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. H. Holcomb.

Mr. and Mrs. Clayton Leonard, daughter Jane, Mrs. Emma Fitzgibbon and Miss Minnie Webb motored from Bradford Sunday for a visit with Mrs. Bettie Webb. All but Mrs. Fitzgibbon returned Sunday evening but she remained for a longer visit.

Mr. Byron Hooper who has been ill for some time owing to a fall is improving.

Master Jesse Barnes suffered from an attack of bronchitis the first of the week but is better now.

Mrs. Minnie England who was visiting her mother, Mrs. Frank Tenny returned to her home in Bradford Wednesday.

Mr. and Mrs. Byron Ostrander who have been residing in Westline have rented the upstairs living apartments of Mrs. Bettie Webb's house and have already moved. Mr. Ostrander has secured employmen with the Hazlewood Oil Co., at Timbuc.

Mr. and Mrs. Harry Bowen of Kendall who were here on a visit to the latter's father, F. G. Tenny returned home Friday.

Mr. and Mrs. Leo Barnes were in Bradford one day this week.

Mrs. Sam Koppel of Cleveland arrived home Monday for a visit with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. Hendricksen and sister, Mrs. B. Ostrander.

Lloyd Taylor and Ed. Mowery went to Port Allegany Saturday, for a short visit at the latter's home. Mr. Mowery leaves for camp with the next contingent of drafted men.

The electric storm of last Wednesday morning was one of the worst in some time in this vicinity, but fortunately no very serious damage was done, the worst being that the chimney of the M. E. Church was struck and torn to pieces but the building fortunately did not take fire nor was other damage done.

Miss Mowery of Port Allegany is a guest at the home of Mr. and Mrs. S. Black.

Miss Rose Black, bookkeeper and clerk at G. A. Taylor's store is spending a couple of weeks at home.

June 28 will be National War Savings day and on 8 p. m. every school house must be open for receiving pledges for stamps. It is hoped that LaFayette township will make a good showing.

IF YOU EAT THESE YOU EAT WHEAT

WHITE WHEAT BREAD
Made from flour refined from the starchy white center of the wheat kernel.

WHOLE WHEAT BREAD.
Made from flour made from the starchy center and some of the outer brown layers (bran) of the wheat kernel.

GRAHAM BREAD AND GRAHAM CRACKERS
Made from flour containing all the wheat kernel, including the bran.

MACARONI, SPAGHETTI, NOODLES
Made from wheat flour.

WHEAT BREAKFAST FOODS
Sold under various names, not advertised as wheat products, made from the whole or part of the wheat kernel.

VICTORY BREADS
Contain 75 per cent wheat.

IF YOU EAT THESE YOU EAT NO WHEAT

Oatmeal, Potatoes, Rice, Hominy, Barley and 100% Substitute Bread.

100 PER CENT. BREADS
Corn pone, muffins, biscuits, all kinds of bread made only from corn, oats, barley and all the other wheat substitutes.

These are usually made with baking powder or soda and sour milk instead of yeast, and are sometimes known as "Quick Breads."

EAT NO WHEAT

WHEATLESS DIET NOT INJURIOUS

Howard Heinz, State Food Administrator, So Assures People of Pennsylvania.

What can be cut out entirely from the diet without injury to health. This assurance is given to the people of Pennsylvania by Howard Heinz, Federal Food Administrator for the state. He said:

"I make this assertion without reservation, on the authority of the most eminent scientists in America, who have investigated the question most thoroughly. They conducted their investigation recently at the request of Herbert Hoover, U. S. Food Administrator. The Board of Inquiry was composed of such men as Dr. R. H. Whitehead, Professor of Physiological Chemistry, Dean of the Sheffield Scientific School at Yale; Dr. Graham Lusk, Professor of Physiology at Cornell; Dr. E. V. McCollum, Professor of Bio Chemistry at John Hopkins; C. L. Alsberg, Chief of the Bureau of Chemistry of the U. S. Department of Agriculture; Dr. F. C. Langworthy, Chief of the Home Economics Division, State Extention Service, Department of Agriculture; Dr. Alonzo E. Taylor, Professor of Physiological Chemistry at the University of Pennsylvania. The other members of the board are men of equal prominence in scientific achievement. No group of higher physical authority could be assembled in America. To them was put this question: 'To what extent can wheat to which we are now accustomed in our diet be reduced without injury to the health of the individuals of the nation?' Their answer was: 'It is the scientific opinion of the committee that in a mixed diet wheat may be entirely replaced, without harm, by other available cereals, namely, rice, barley, corn and oats.'

"It is only because of the great national and international emergency which exists that the Food Administration makes use of this deliberate judgment of the physiological experts called in for advice. It is recognized that because of economic and commercial reasons not all of the people of the country can go without bread based on wheat, but it is certain that a great many people can do so easily, and it is my belief that most of the people in this country who can dispense entirely with wheat from now until the next harvest ought to do so, for the sake of maintaining the wheat bread supply for the armies and civilians of our fighting associates in Europe, as well as for our own soldiers in France."

FOOD LICENSES REQUIRED

All Wholesalers and Jobbers Come Under the Federal Act.

All wholesalers, jobbers, brokers or commission dealers in food supplies must take out a license to do business under the food regulations whether their annual business in the gross amounts to one hundred thousand dollars or not. Dealers who are strictly retailers are exempt from the necessity of a license if their gross annual business is less than one hundred thousand dollars. Dealers doing a combination wholesale or jobbing and retailing business no matter how small must take out a license. Any person who makes any sales to retail dealers, hotels, restaurants or public bakers is a wholesaler or jobber and is required to take out a license.

The foregoing points with reference to the interpretation of the Federal Food Control Act were brought out by Howard Heinz, Federal Food Administrator for Pennsylvania. Mr. Heinz desires to make it clear that the rule requiring licenses applies to all wholesalers and jobbers regardless of the volume of business they transact.

So long as the boys are at the front, difficulties are to be subdued, impossibilities to be trampled down.

In England "His Majesty the King" the humblest subject have duplication cards

MOVEMENT TO SAVE THRESHING WASTE

Assistance to Farmers in Harvest Time Planned by the Government.

A project to mobilize America's threshermen to save millions of pounds of wheat, now lost by inefficient threshing practices, is announced by Howard Heinz, U. S. Food Administrator for Pennsylvania.

To do this, a special Grain Threshing Division has been created as a part of the Food Administration Grain Corporation in Washington, with Captain Kenneth D. Hagenbourg, U. S. R., at its head. Captain Hagenbourg is actively engaged in wheat production in Oklahoma, and for some years has had first-hand experience in threshing operations. The Grain Threshing Days on All have national headquarters at the office of the U. S. Food Administration Grain Corporation, 42 Broadway, New York City.

It is estimated that from one to ten per cent of the wheat crop is lost to the country by hurried and careless operation and inefficiency of threshing machines. In some instances, however, losses are naturally greater than in others. Waste in threshing depends largely upon the condition of the machine as it enters the harvest field and the care with which it is operated.

It is estimated that a total of three and one-quarter bushels in every hundred threshed may be saved.

Thresherman's assistants will be located in each state to co-operate with threshermen requiring expert help. The thresherman's assistants will be called upon by County Threshing Committees whenever needed. Their duty will be to advise in overhauling the machines, to assist in acquiring expert labor, to supervise repair jobs when the owner so desires and the time permits. The County Threshing Committees will be composed of the County Food Administrator, the County Agricultural Agent, and a retired thresherman representing the state or local Council of the National Defense.

CLEAN YOUR FARM TOOLS

Necessity Exists Now For Strictest Conservation of Machinery.

M. T. Phillips, one of the farmers' representatives in the U. S. Food Administration for Pennsylvania, suggests to farmers of the state the advisability of a special care this year in the matter of farm machinery in view of the seriousness of the manufacturing situation and the scarcity of materials. Mr. Phillips said:

"The present high cost of all farm machinery and repairs of all kinds makes it most essential that every care should be exercised in keeping in order all machinery, tools, etc., used on the farms.

"It takes but little time to rub off the dirt and rub some oil on the harness, at least a few times during the year. This will preserve the leather that is so expensive and necessary just now.

"Clean up the machinery and tools and see that they are repaired when put away, and if kept under cover when not in use, they will be ready to go to work when next needed.

"We farmers are justly criticized for the extravagant waste caused by the unnecessary exposure and lack of care of our machinery.

"This is surely a very necessary way to conserve in these serious times."

There's not a pair of legs so thin,
there's not a head so thick,
There's not a hand so weak and white,
nor yet a heart so sick,
But it can find some needful job that's crying to be done,
For the Glory of the Garden glorifieth every one.—Rudyard Kipling.

War is an ugly thing, but a German peace is uglier. Russian farmers are producing German food.

If you believe in peace you will [illegible] to get it.

RED CROSS NOTES.

(Continued from page one.)

..... $10.23

$728.72

Treasurer, Studholme reported on the finances of the chapter as follows:

Total receipts $6171.50
Total disbursements 6068.41

Balance in Treasury $102.09

Secretary Morrison reported receipts in his hands as follows:

From Betula (Sale of yarn)... $51.25
From Mrs. Geo. Moody (memberships $12.00
From Donations of Ormsby ladies (Cash) 9.50
From donations of Kensington Club (cash) $5.00
From Red Cross Card Party .. $54.75
From Betula (membership) ... $10.00
From Mrs. Gregory (membership) $1.00

$143.50

The Chairman of the Finance Committee handed in on account of monthly subscriptions, donations, etc. $590.15. Total amount on hand 5-13-1918, $833.71.

It was moved by Shattuck and seconded by Kessler that the bills as read be paid. On roll call all voted 'aye.'

Mrs. Shattuck, Chairma of the Supply Committee presented the following requisition.

1500 yds. gauze.
100 lbs. absorbent cotton.
100 lbs. non-absorbent cotton.
150 yds. 1½ in. webbing.
1 gross buckles
2 large spindles twine.
6 spatulas
100 lbs. yarn, buttons, thread, needles, pins.
20 yds. khaki for comfort kits
25 lbs. craft paper
5 lbs. of 25 lb. paper bags.
100 lbs. 2 lb. paper bags.
One table 5½ yds long.
1½ yds wide 34 in. high.
12 paper towels, soap.
500 Red Cross emblems.

On motion by Studholme seconded by Fry that this requisition be honored and Mrs. Shattuck directed to purchase these supplies, all voted 'aye.'

Mr. Kessler presented a motion, which was duly seconded, and carried, that the Secretary be instructed to make arrangements between Bradford and Kane and Port Allegany and Smethport Chapters with the view to furnish each of the boys going to the front from this district with comfort kits, sweaters and socks.

Mr. Pappas, proprietor of the "Sugar Bowl" presented through Mr. Shattuck, a proposition to allow the Red Cross to take charge of his store and have the receipts for one day from the business. The proposition was accepted and Mr. Shattuck authorized to work out details, day, etc.

It was moved by Shattuck and duly seconded that the chapter furnish Mr. Studholme, Mr. Vandyke and Mr. Gallup with kits, sweaters, etc., before their departure for Europe. On roll call all voted 'aye.'

E. A. Studholme tendered his resignation as treasurer of the Chapter, to take effect at once, on account of his having completed arrangements to go abroad in the Y. M. C. A. work. Mr. Studholme also asked that an Auditor be appointed to examine his accounts. It was moved by Kessler and duly seconded that the resignation of Mr. Studholme be accepted. Carried. W. F. Specht appointed auditor to go over his accounts.

E. E. Drake nominated by Shattuck to succeed Studholme as Treasurer of the chapter. This nomination was duly seconded by Kessler and on roll call all voted 'aye'. Mr. Drake elected.

Mr. Kessler, chairman of the Home Service Section, requested that the names of Mrs. L. K. Hogarth and Mr. G. B. Mayo be confirmed as members of his committee. On motion by Studholme duly seconded, this request was granted.

The question of putting on the campaign for the War Fund was taken up and discussed at length. It was referred to the Finance Committee to choose a Chairman and arrange the details of the drive.

Note. The Chairman of the Finance Committe on being notified of this action declined to act in the matter and the Executive Committee later appointed Mr. J. S. Walker as Chairman of the drive.

The Secretary was instructed to notify the Chairman of the enrollment Committee to put on a drive for membership beginning on or about June 1 1918.

On motion, meeting adjourned.

Smethport, Pa. May, 20, 1918.

Special meeting of the executive committee of the chapter called at 1:30 p. m. Object, request of Mr. Walker, chairman of War Fund Drive for certain instructions. Present—Fry, Hungiville, Shattuck, Malcolm and Morrison. Mr. J. S. Walker also present.

After discussion, it was moved by Hungiville and seconded by Morrison, that the funds collected on account of the War Fund Drive be deposited by the Chairman as follos:—75 % to the War Fund. Wm. C. McAdoo, Treas., and 25 % to the Treasurer of the Chapter, and that Mr. J. S. Walker, Chairman, be so instructed. On roll call on this motion, all voted 'aye'.

It was moved by Morrison, seconded by Shattuck, that the 25% of the sums raised and collected on account of the War Fund within the territory covered by the several branches and auxiliaries of the Chapter, after accounting and transfer to the chapter treasury, be returned by the chapter to the said branches and auxiliaries for their needs. On roll call on this, all voted 'aye.'

On motion meeting adjourned.

—Attend the dance to be given by the Smethport Allied Band at the Lyceum, Thursday, evening, June 27.

BUSH HILL.

Visitors from Shinglehouse—Motored to Port Allegany.

Mr. and Mrs. Lewis Schlosser and son, Leo of Shinglehouse, Pa., were pleasant callers on Mr. and Mrs. Thos Smith, Friday.

Mrs. Lizzie Campbell of Smethport, is visiting her sister Mrs. Mary Hooley.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Reynolds and son Edward motored to Smethport Saturday evening.

Miss Nellie Smith was a pleasant caller on Miss Marie Hooley and Mrs. Pete Fay Friday.

Mrs. Chas Lacy is visiting her daughter, Mrs. Verne Walters of Olean, N. Y.

Mrs. Jane VanSickles was a Smethport shopper Monday.

Joseph Oliver and lady friend motored to Port Allegany Sunday. What?

KANE ITALIAN IN JAIL.

Kane Republican: Fortunato Calabrese, the Niagara Falls Italian who was found wounded in the jaw early last Monday morning near the home of Dominic Rich in Moffit alley, was taken into custody at the hospital today by Chief Carl Benson and lodged in jail pending futher investigation of the shooting affair. County Detective Joseph F. Robinson is interested in clearing up several matters in connection with Calabrese's trip to Kane his errand and the trouble that followed.

—Attend the dance to be given by the Smethport Allied Band at the Lyceum, Thursday, evening, June 27.

Straw Hats.

PANAMAS,
SPLITS,
SENNETS, AND
SOFT STRAW.

REASONABLE PRICES
Considering everything.

Help the Red Cross

H. W. RUBIN & SON
The Reliable Clothiers
Smethport, - - - - Pa.

THE M. S. GEARY
REAL ESTATE, HORSES, FARM AND BUILDING LOTS.

ARE YOU GOING TO MOVE?

If so, you will assuredly consult your own best interests by first ascertaining what we have to offer in homes. However restricted or unlimited your income, we are very likely to have just the desired property on our lists—wont cost you anything to look at the list, or the properties. We have several fine farms, a number of nice homes, building lots, small tracts of timber, two fine work teams, and three used Automobiles. Costs you nothing to look.

"We bring buyer and seller together."
Office Imperial Hotel. Bell Phone.